Annual Report and Financial Statements

for the year ended 31 December 2015

Scheme Registration Number: 100154281

Annual report and financial statements for the year ended 31 December 2015

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Trustee and advisers

Corporate Trustee

RLGPS Trustee Limited

Trustee Directors

Employer nominated

Richard Balding (Chairman) (Pensioner member)

Sam Blackie (resigned 31 December 2015)

Ewan Smith (appointed 1 January 2016 - Member nominated until

31 December 2015) (Active member)

Jon Taylor

The Law Debenture Pension Trust Corporation plc represented by

Andrew Parker (Independent trustee)

Member nominated

John Tovey (Pensioner member)

Caroline Instance (appointed 1 January 2016) (Deferred member)

Scheme actuary

Jonathan Howes of Willis Towers Watson Limited

Administrators

Willis Towers Watson Limited

Independent auditors

PricewaterhouseCoopers LLP

Legal advisers

CMS Cameron McKenna LLP Cannings Connolly Solicitors

Slaughter and May

Investment consultant

Lane Clark & Peacock LLP

Investment managers

Royal London Asset Management Limited

Investment custodian

HSBC Bank plc

Additional Voluntary Contribution

(AVC) providers

Clerical Medical Investment Group Limited

Royal London Group (Scottish Life - a division of The Royal London

Mutual Insurance Society Limited)

Scottish Widows plc

The Equitable Life Assurance Society

Bankers

HSBC Bank plc (HSBC Securities Services)

National Westminster Bank plc

Principal employer

The Royal London Mutual Insurance Society Limited ("the Company")

Participating employers

Royal London Asset Management Limited

Royal London Management Services Limited

Contact for enquiries

Provided on further information page 36

Annual report and financial statements

for the year ended 31 December 2015

Trustee's report

Introduction

The Trustee Directors of the RLGPS Trustee Limited ("the Trustee") present their annual report and financial statements of the Royal London Group Pension Scheme ("the Scheme") for the year ended 31 December 2015.

Scheme constitution and management

The Scheme is an occupational pension scheme established under trust to provide retirement benefits to all eligible employees of Royal London Group. The Scheme is a final salary pension scheme whereby benefits are payable to members in accordance with the Scheme Rules based on their length of service, accrual rate and their pensionable earnings as defined by the Scheme Rules prior to leaving the service of Royal London Group.

The Scheme is governed by a definitive Trust Deed and Scheme Rules and is overseen by a Corporate Trustee whose Trustee Directors are responsible for setting the strategy and for managing the Scheme. The Trustee Directors are required to act in accordance with the Trust Deed and the Scheme Rules and the Memorandum and Articles of Association of the Trustee within the framework of pension and trust law.

The Trustee Directors are appointed and removed in accordance with the Trust Deed, the Articles of the Corporate Trustee and the overriding provisions in the Pensions Act 2004. The Scheme ordinarily has six Trustee Directors, four of whom are appointed by the Company and two by the Scheme's members. The member nominated trustee arrangements are determined by the Trustee. The persons who acted as Trustee Directors of the Trustee are listed on page 1.

Financial developments and financial statements

The financial statements included in this annual report are the accounts required by the Pensions Act 1995. They have been prepared and audited in compliance with the regulations made under sections 41(1) and 41(6) of the Act.

Details of the financial statements are provided on pages 12 to 32.

Membership

Details of membership of the Scheme are given below:

	Active	Deferred	Pensioner	Beneficiaries	Total
	members	members	members		
At 31 December 2015	939	11,273	8,611	2,113	22,936

In addition to the above, the Scheme had 1,952 (2014: 1,456) members with life assurance cover only as at 31 December 2015.

Pension increases

The Trust Deed and Rules makes provision for increases in pensions in payment and deferred pensions. Entitlement to pension increases depends on the legacy scheme and the period in which the pension is earned.

(a). Pensions accrued before 1 April 2011

Pension increases in respect of pensions accrued before 1 April 2011 in excess of the guaranteed minimum pension were awarded as provided in the table on page 3.

Annual report and financial statements for the year ended 31 December 2015

Trustee's report (continued)

Legacy scheme ³	Guarant Pension a	n in excess of eed Minimum accrued before pril 1997	5 April before 30	ccrued after 1997 and November 1901	Pension afte Novemb	r 29	Pension increase date
	2015	2014	2015	2014	2015	2014	
RLGPS (standard benefits members)	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	2.3%	2.6%	1-Jul
RASF Scheme II (members joining before 1 August 2001)	0.9%1	2.1%	0.9%1	2.5%	0.9%1	3.3%	1-Jul
RASF Scheme II (members joining from 1 August 2001)	n/a	n/a	2.3%	3.2%	2.3%	2.6%	1-Jul
RLSPF	1.0%	2.5%	1.2%	2.7%	2.3%	2.6%	1-Apr
UFGPS (contracted-in before 17 September 2002 leavers)	1.0%	2.5%	1.2%3	2.7%	1.0%	3.2%	1-Apr
UFGPS (contracted-out before 17 September 2002 leavers)	1.0%	2.7%	1.0%2	2.7% ²	1.0%	3.2%	1-Apr
SLORBS	2.0%	2.6%	2.0%	2.7%	2.3%	2.6%	1-Jan
SLIORBS	0.9%	2.5%	0.9%	2.5%	0.9%	3.3%	1-Jul
SLDRBS	2.0%	2.6%	2.0%	2.7%	n/a	n/a	1-Jan

Special arrangements in first year following retirement apply. No increase was applied at 1 July in the calendar year of retirement.

(b). Pensions accrued from 1 April 2011

Pension benefits accrued from 1 April 2011 were increased at a rate equal to the Consumer Prices Index ("CPI") subject to a maximum of 2.5%. The increases were applied from the effective dates indicated in the table above.

New pensions commencing after the pensions increase date were increased on a proportional basis. The increases were applied to both guaranteed and discretionary elements as appropriate.

During 2015, the Company granted a discretionary increase at the rate of 1.0% to pensions in payment with no guaranteed increases (in excess of guaranteed minimum pensions). All other pensions in payment increased in line with either the Scheme's Rules and/or pensions legislation.

(c). Pension in deferment

Pensions in deferment accrued prior to 6 April 2009 are revalued in accordance with the Pension Schemes Act 1993, at a rate equal to the increase in the CPI (prior to 1 January 2014 at Retail Prices Index ("RPI")) except for RLSPF members (whose increase remains linked to the RPI in accordance with the Scheme's Rules) or to the increase produced by the application of 5% per annum, whichever is the lower.

² Increase up to 1.2% depending upon the date of retirement, on pension in payment for members contracted out before September 2002

³ Increase of 1.0% for those contracted in after September 2002.

⁴ There are some other small categories of members whose increases differ slightly to those shown in the table above. Those affected have been communicated to separately.

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Trustee's report (continued)

Pensions in deferment accrued after 5 April 2009 are revalued in accordance with the Pension Schemes Act 2008, at a rate equal to the increase in the CPI (prior to 1 January 2014 at RPI) or to the increase produced by the application of 2.5% per annum, whichever is the lower.

Transfer values

Cash equivalents paid during the Scheme year with respect to transfers have been calculated and verified in the manner prescribed by the Pension Schemes Act 1993 and do not include discretionary benefits. With effect from 1 January 2004, Royal London Group ceased to allow the Scheme to accept transfers in.

Actuarial liabilities

The Financial Reporting Standard 102, "The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the United Kingdom and the Republic of Ireland" (FRS 102), does not require the financial statements to include liabilities in respect of promised retirement benefits.

The Scheme is subject to a Statutory Funding Objective as required under section 222 of the Pensions Act 2004, which requires a scheme to have sufficient and appropriate assets to cover its technical provisions. The technical provisions are calculated by projecting the benefits expected to be paid in each year after the valuation date and discounting the cash flows to obtain the present value. This assessment is carried out every 3 years using assumptions agreed between the Trustee and the Company. The method and assumptions are documented in a Statement of Funding Principles a copy of which is available to members on request from the address set out on page 36.

The most recent triennial actuarial valuation of the Scheme was carried out as at 31 December 2013. A more recent funding update was performed as at 31 December 2015. The results of these valuations are provided in the table below:

Valuation date: 31 December	2015	2013
	£'000	£'000
Value of technical provisions	2,328,400	2,095,500
Value of assets available to meet technical provisions	2,274,000	2,155,500
Funding (deficit) / surplus	(54,400)	60,000
Funding level as a percentage of technical provisions	98%	103%

The value of liabilities (technical provisions) in the above table exclude those in respect of Additional Voluntary Contributions which are fully met by matching assets and exclude any allowance for advance funding of non-guaranteed discretionary pension increases.

The value of liabilities is based on pensionable service to the valuation date and assumptions about various factors that will influence the Scheme in the future, such as the levels of investment returns, when members will retire and how long members will live.

The deterioration of the Scheme's surplus as at 31 December 2013 resulting in a deficit as at 31 December 2015 was mainly due to a fall in nominal gilt and corporate bond yields during the period.

Annual report and financial statements

for the year ended 31 December 2015

Trustee's report (continued)

The method and significant assumptions used in the calculations are as follows:

Method

The actuarial method used in the calculation of the liabilities is the Projected Unit Method.

Significant actuarial assumptions

The assumptions used to calculate the Scheme's technical provisions set out in the actuarial valuation report as at 31 December 2013 are summarised into the following main categories:

- Discount interest rate for pre-retirement at 5.7% p.a. and post retirement at 4.1% p.a.
- Future retail price inflation (RPI) at 3.4% p.a.
- Future consumer price inflation (CPI) at 2.4% p.a.
- Pension increases derived from RPI and CPI allowing for floors and caps according to the provisions in the Scheme rules.
- Salary increases split for accrual up to 31 March 2011 at 3.4% p.a. and from 1 April 2011 at 2.5% p.a.
- Mortality for the period in retirement applying the SAPS "S1" series tables with a relevant multiplier factor.

The Scheme has agreed schedules of contributions following the actuarial valuation as at 31 December 2013 which the Scheme actuary certified on 28 January 2015 and 5 June 2014. A copy of the Scheme actuary's certificate signed on 28 January 2015 is included on page 35 of this annual report and financial statements.

Investment report

Investment principles and strategy

The ultimate responsibility for deciding investment policy lies with the Trustee.

The Trustee maintains a Statement of Investment Principles ("SIP") as required by section 35 of the Pensions Act 1995 and meets the requirements of the Occupational Pension Schemes (Investment) Regulations 2005. The Trustee reviews the SIP for appropriateness from time to time and last updated it at the start of 2016.

A copy of the SIP is available on request from the contact address set out on page 36 of this annual report and financial statements under 'Further information'.

Details of the Scheme's investments are given in note 14 to the financial statements.

Management and custody of investments

The Trustee has appointed Royal London Asset Management Limited ("RLAM") to manage the Scheme's investments on a day-to-day basis. RLAM have full discretion to invest world-wide subject to the restrictions set out in the investment management agreement which is designed to ensure that the objectives and investment policies set out in the SIP are followed.

RLAM are authorised and regulated by the Financial Conduct Authority in the United Kingdom under the Financial Services and Markets Act 2000.

Annual report and financial statements

for the year ended 31 December 2015

Trustee's report (continued)

Trustee's policy on voting rights and social, environmental and ethical factors

The Trustee has examined how rights, including voting rights, attached to investments should be exercised by considering and supporting the UK Stewardship Code ("the Code") issued by the Financial Reporting Council ("FRC"). The Trustee has decided that investment rights should be exercised by investment managers on its behalf in line with the investment managers' general policies on corporate governance.

The Trustee considers that it is necessary in all circumstances to act in the best financial interests of beneficiaries and, where this primary consideration is not prejudiced, the investment managers can take social, environmental and ethical issues into account.

The Trustee has less influence over the underlying investments within the pooled investment vehicles held by the Scheme but review the managers' policies and statements of compliance in respect of these investments.

Custodial arrangements

The Trustee has appointed HSBC Bank plc (HSBC Securities Services) as custodian of the Schemes investments other than pooled investment vehicles and Additional Voluntary Contributions. The Scheme's direct investment assets are held in the names of the nominees by the Scheme's custodian. The custodian operates a system of internal controls to ensure the security of the Scheme's assets.

The custody of underlying assets in pooled investment vehicles and Additional Voluntary Contributions is arranged by the manager of those investments.

Review of investment performance

The table below shows the performance of the Scheme investment assets over various periods relative to the appropriate benchmarks.

Annualised return over	1 year	3 years	5 years	Allocation
Sterling corporate bonds	0.9%	6.1%	8.6%	27%
Benchmark	(0.4%)	4.9%	7.2%	
Global high yield bonds	3.7%	4.1%	-	5%
Benchmark	(2.1%)	2.3%	-	
Index linked gilts	(0.4%)	6.7%	8.6%	25%
Benchmark	(1.2%)	6.3%	8.2%	
Overseas bonds	2.4%	3.7%	4.5%	1%
Benchmark	1.8%	3.4%	4.2%	
UK Equities	0.3%	7.5%	6.2%	11%
Benchmark	1.0%	7.3%	6.0%	
Overseas equities	6.6%	12.8%	8.4%	20%
Benchmark	6.4%	14.0%	9.2%	
Property fund	6.9%	8.8%	6.8%	9%
Benchmark	13.0%	13.1%	9.2%	
Cash fund	2.3%	1.0%	0.8%	2%
Benchmark	0.5%	0.5%	0.5%	
Scheme	2.1%	7.8%	8.0%	100%
Benchmark	1.7%	7.3%	7.7%	

Annual report and financial statements for the year ended 31 December 2015

Trustee's report (continued)

The asset allocation in the overseas equities portfolio was above the target weight ranges as set out in the 2014 updated SIP by 1% as at 31 December 2015 (2014: none). This reflected the Scheme's preference for overseas equities and performance of these assets in the total portfolio. The overseas equities allocation was rebalanced towards target allocation and within the SIP tolerances at the beginning of 2016.

The Trustee has considered the nature, disposition, marketability, security and valuation of the Scheme's investments and considers them to be appropriate to justify the holding of each class of the investments.

The Trustee considers that the spread of investments both geographically and by investment category enables the Scheme to benefit from potentially higher rates of investment growth in different markets whilst also decreasing the effect that price fluctuations within a particular market may have on the Scheme. The proportion of the Scheme's assets invested in a particular market is determined by reference to the relative rate of return and the relative level of risk associated with that market.

The Trustee considers that all the Scheme's investments are readily marketable with the exception of the global high yield bonds, pooled investment vehicle in property, senior secured loans and private placement debts. The liquidity of senior secured loans and private placement debt is lower than the average of the Scheme investments. If there was a material disposal of units in the Royal London Property Fund the Fund's Prospectus does provide for deferred redemption (on a normal basis, redemption requests must be received three months in advance, but this may be deferred for one further month) as the underlying assets would have to be sold in the marketplace.

The Scheme's illiquid assets include the global high yield bonds, pooled investment vehicle in property, senior secured loans and private placement debts. The value of these assets as 31 December 2015 was £325.6 million (2014: £303.7 million).

Employer related investments

Details of employer related investments are given in note 24 to the financial statements.

The European Union Referendum

On 23 June 2016 the UK electorate voted to leave the European Union. This decision is expected to begin an exit process that could take up to two years to complete under the relevant legislation and the UK remains a member of the European Union until such time as this process is effected. The result of the referendum is likely to result in a period of uncertainty for the UK economy and financial markets and potentially significant volatility in the valuation of investment assets, including fluctuations from the impact in foreign exchange rates. The longer term impact of the referendum decision is clearly yet to be determined. The Trustees will keep the situation under review over the coming months, including implications for investment strategy and risk management.

Annual report and financial statements for the year ended 31 December 2015

Trustee's report (continued)

Statement of Trustee's responsibilities

Trustee's responsibilities in respect of the financial statements

The financial statements, which are prepared in accordance with UK Generally Accepted Accounting Practice, including the Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland ("FRS 102"), are the responsibility of the Trustee. Pension scheme regulations require the Trustee to make available to Scheme members, beneficiaries and certain other parties, audited financial statements for each Scheme year which:

- show a true and fair view of the financial transactions of the Scheme during the Scheme year and of the amount and disposition at the end of the Scheme year of its assets and liabilities, other than liabilities to pay pensions and benefits after the end of the Scheme year;
- state whether applicable United Kingdom Accounting Standards, including FRS 102, have been followed, subject to any material departures disclosed and explained in the financial statements; and
- contain the information specified in Regulations 3 and 3A of the Occupational Pension Schemes (Requirement to obtain Audited Accounts and a Statement from the Auditor) Regulations 1996.

The Trustee is responsible for supervising the preparation of the financial statements and for agreeing suitable accounting policies, to be applied consistently, making any estimates and judgements on a prudent and reasonable basis.

The Trustee is also responsible for making available certain other information about the Scheme in the form of an annual report.

The Trustee also has a general responsibility for ensuring that adequate accounting records are kept and for taking such steps as are reasonably open to it to safeguard the assets of the Scheme and to prevent and detect fraud and other irregularities, including the maintenance of an appropriate system of internal control.

Trustee's responsibilities in respect of contributions

The Trustee is responsible under pensions legislation for preparing, and from time to time reviewing and if necessary revising, a schedule of contributions showing the rates of contributions payable towards the Scheme by or on behalf of the employer and the active members of the Scheme and the dates on or before which such contributions are to be paid.

The Trustee is also responsible for keeping records in respect of contributions received in respect of any active member of the Scheme and for adopting risk-based processes to monitor whether contributions that fall due to be paid are paid into the Scheme in accordance with the schedule of contributions.

Where breaches of the schedule occur, the Trustee is required by the Pensions Acts 1995 and 2004 to consider making reports to the Pensions Regulator and to members.

Annual report and financial statements

for the year ended 31 December 2015

Trustee's report (continued)

Further information

Any enquiries about the Scheme can be made by contacting the Staff Pensions Team at the address provided in the 'Further information' on page 36. A copy of this annual report and financial statements is available on the Royal London Group website: http://www.royallondon.com/about/annual-reports/.

Approval

The Trustee's report was approved by the Trustee Directors on 7 July 2016.

Signed for and on behalf of RLGPS Trustee Limited by:

Kulias & Balving

Trustee Director

Andrew J. atter stee Director For and on behalf of

The LOW Debenture Pension Trust P.L.C.

Annual report and financial statements for the year ended 31 December 2015

Independent Auditors' report to the Trustee of the Royal London Group Pension Scheme

Report on the financial statements

Our opinion

In our opinion, Royal London Group Pension Scheme's financial statements:

- show a true and fair view of the financial transactions of the Scheme during the year ended 31 December 2015, and of the amount and disposition at that date of its assets and liabilities, other than liabilities to pay pensions and benefits after the end of the year;
- have been properly prepared in accordance with United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice; and
- contain the information specified in Regulations 3 and 3A of the Occupational Pension Schemes (Requirement
 to obtain Audited Accounts and a Statement from the Auditor) Regulations 1996, made under the Pensions Act
 1995.

What we have audited

Royal London Group Pension Scheme's financial statements comprise:

- the statement of net assets available for benefits as at 31 December 2015;
- the fund account for the year then ended; and
- the notes to the financial statements, which include a summary of significant accounting policies and other explanatory information.

The financial reporting framework that has been applied in the preparation of the financial statements is applicable law and United Kingdom Accounting Standards (United Kingdom Generally Accounting Practice), including FRS 102 "The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland".

In applying the financial reporting framework, the Trustee has made a number of subjective judgements, for example in respect of significant accounting estimates. In making such estimates, it has made assumptions and considered future events.

Responsibilities for the financial statements and the audit

Our responsibilities and those of the Trustee

As explained more fully in the statement of Trustee's responsibilities, the Trustee is responsible for the preparation of the financial statements and being satisfied that they show a true and fair view.

Our responsibility is to audit and express an opinion on the financial statements in accordance with applicable law and International Standards on Auditing (UK and Ireland) ("ISAs (UK & Ireland)"). Those standards require us to comply with the Auditing Practices Board's Ethical Standards for Auditors.

This report, including the opinion, has been prepared for and only for the Trustee as a body in accordance with section 41 of the Pensions Act 1995 and for no other purpose. We do not, in giving this opinion, accept or assume responsibility for any other purpose or to any other person to whom this report is shown or into whose hands it may come save where expressly agreed by our prior consent in writing.

Annual report and financial statements for the year ended 31 December 2015

Independent Auditors' report to the Trustee of the Royal London Group Pension Scheme

Responsibilities for the financial statements and the audit (continued)

What an audit of financial statements involves

We conducted our audit in accordance with ISAs (UK & Ireland). An audit involves obtaining evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements sufficient to give reasonable assurance that the financial statements are free from material misstatement, whether caused by fraud or error. This includes an assessment of:

- whether the accounting policies are appropriate to the Scheme's circumstances and have been consistently
 applied and adequately disclosed;
- the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by the Trustee; and
- the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We primarily focus our work in these areas by assessing the Trustee's judgements against available evidence, forming our own judgements, and evaluating the disclosures in the financial statements.

We test and examine information, using sampling and other auditing techniques, to the extent we consider necessary to provide a reasonable basis for us to draw conclusions. We obtain audit evidence through testing the effectiveness of controls, substantive procedures or a combination of both.

In addition, we read all the financial and non-financial information in the annual report to identify material inconsistencies with the audited financial statements and to identify any information that is apparently materially incorrect based on, or materially inconsistent with, the knowledge acquired by us in the course of performing the audit. If we become aware of any apparent material misstatements or inconsistencies we consider the implications for our report.

PricewaterhouseCoopers LLP

Presente Love (cops LIP

Chartered Accountants and Statutory Auditors

Manchester

7 July 2016

Annual report and financial statements for the year ended 31 December 2015

Fund account			
	Note	2015	2014
Contributions and other income		£'000	£'000
Employer contributions		11,231	7,819
Employee contributions		126	138
. ,			
Total contributions	4	11,357	7,957
Other income	5	198	32
		11,555	7,989
		11,555	7,767
		-	-
Benefits and other payments			
Benefits	6	82,245	78,474
Transfers to other schemes	7	25,820	6,054
Administrative expenses	8	2,412	3,034
		110,477	87,562
		-	
Net withdrawals from dealings with members		(98,922)	(79,573)
		1	-
Returns on investments			
Investment income	9	63,551	65,939
Change in market value of investments	14	(18,983)	188,957
Investment management expenses	10	(2,332)	(2,343)
Investment management fee rebates	11	1,255	843
Taxes on investment income	12	(279)	(354)
Net returns on investments		43,212	253,042
Net (decrease)/increase in the Scheme		(55,710)	173,469
Opening net assets		2,332,616	2,159,147
Opening net assets			
Closing net assets		2,276,906	2,332,616

The notes to the financial statements on pages 14-32 form part of these financial statements.

Annual report and financial statements

for the year ended 31 December 2015

Statement of net assets available for benefits as at 31 December 2015

	Note	2015 £'000	2014 £'000
Investment assets			
Equities		574,909	542,087
Bonds		1,309,618	1,405,291
Derivatives	15	145,252	1,728
Pooled investment vehicles	17	354,291	348,888
Cash	18	26,738	37,518
Other investment balances	19	11,312	26,251
AVC investments	20	2,965	3,627
		2,425,085	2,365,390
Investment liabilities		-	
Derivatives	15	(148,806)	(485)
Other investment balances	19	(886)	(34,935)
		(149,692)	(35,420)
			1
Total net investments		2,275,393	2,329,970
Current assets	25	5,747	4,530
Current liabilities	26	(4,234)	(1,884)
Net assets available for benefits as at 31 December 2015		2,276,906	2,332,616

The financial statements summarise the transactions of the Scheme and deal with the net assets of available for benefits at the disposal of the Trustee. Liabilities to pay pensions and other benefits which are expected to become payable after the end of the Scheme year are not dealt with in the financial statements. The actuarial position of the Scheme, which does take account of such liabilities, is dealt with in the Trustee's report under Actuarial liabilities on page 4 and these financial statements should be read in conjunction with this report.

The notes to the financial statements on pages 14-32 form part of these financial statements.

The financial statements were approved by the Trustee Directors on 7 July 2016.

Signed for and on behalf of RLGPS Trustee Limited by:

Trustee Director

Trustee Director

Low Debenture Pension Trust Corporation P.L.C.

Annual report and financial statements

for the year ended 31 December 2015

Notes to the financial statements

1. General information

The Scheme is an occupational pension scheme established by the Trust Deed dated 5 October 1988. The Scheme is a defined benefit ("DB") scheme which was established to provide retirement benefits for its members. The beneficial members of the Scheme are eligible employees of the Royal London Group who commenced service before 1 January 2005. The benefits are payable to members in accordance with the Scheme Rules based on their length of service, accrual rate and their pensionable earnings as defined by the Scheme Rules prior to leaving the service of Royal London Group. The life cover only members do not accrue pension benefits in the Scheme.

The Scheme's registered office address is at 55 Gracechurch Street, London, EC3V 0RL.

The Scheme is a registered pension scheme under the Chapter 2, Part 4 of the Finance Act 2004. This means that contributions by employers and employees are normally eligible for tax relief and income and capital gains earned by the Scheme receive preferential tax treatment.

2. Statement of compliance

The financial statements of the Royal London Group Pension Scheme have been prepared in accordance with the Occupational Pension Schemes (Requirement to obtain Audited Accounts and a Statement from the Auditor) Regulations 1996, the Financial Reporting Standard (FRS) 102 – The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland issued by the Financial Reporting Council ("FRS 102") and the guidelines set out in the Statement of Recommended Practice, "Financial Reports of Pensions Schemes" (Revised November 2014) ("the SORP").

The Trustee has adopted early the provisions of "Amendments to FRS 102, The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland – Fair value hierarchy disclosures (March 2016)".

3. Summary of significant accounting policies

The principal accounting policies set out below have been consistently applied in the preparation of the financial statements.

The Scheme has adopted FRS 102 in these financial statements for the first time and there have been no restatements as a result of the transition to FRS 102. There have been minor presentational changes in relation to this.

a. Currency

The functional currency and presentation currency of the Scheme is the Great British Pound Sterling (GBP (£)).

b. Foreign currency conversion

Assets and liabilities in foreign currencies are expressed in GBP at the rates of exchange ruling at the year-end. Foreign currency transactions are translated into euro at the spot rate at the date of the transaction.

Gains and losses arising on conversion are dealt with as part of change in market value of investments.

Annual report and financial statements

for the year ended 31 December 2015

Notes to the financial statements

c. Contributions

Normal contributions, both from employees and employers, are accounted for on an accruals basis in the payroll period to which they relate at rates agreed by the Trustee as recommended by the actuary.

Other employer contributions such as augmentations are accounted for in accordance with the agreement under which they are being paid or in the absence of an agreement, on a receipt basis.

Additional Voluntary Contributions (AVC) from the employees are accounted for in the month deducted from payroll.

d. Benefit payments

Where a member can choose whether to take their benefits as a full pension or as a lump sum with reduced pension, retirement benefits are accounted for on an accruals basis in the period in which the member notifies the Trustee of their decision on the type or amount of benefit to be taken or if there is no member choice, on the date of retirement or leaving.

Pensions in payment are accounted for in the period to which they relate.

e. Transfers to other schemes

Transfer values represent the amounts payable during the year for members who have left the Scheme. All values are based on methods and assumptions determined by the Actuary advising the Trustee. The values are accounted for upon liability being accepted by the receiving scheme.

f. Administrative and other expenses

Administrative expenses are accounted for on an accruals basis by reference to the period to which they relate. Pension levy is accounted for in the period the levy is payable.

g. Investment income and expenses

Income from equities and any pooled investment vehicles which distribute income is accounted for on an accruals basis on the date when stock is quoted ex-dividend and in the case of unquoted instruments, when the dividend is declared.

Interest on bonds, including income bought and sold on purchases and sales of bonds, is accounted for on an accruals basis.

Interest on cash and short term deposits and income from other investments is accounted for on an accruals basis.

The change in market value of investments during the year comprises all increases and decreases in the market value of investments held at any time during the year, including profits and losses realised on sales of investments and unrealised changes in market value. The change in market value also includes realised profits and losses on closed derivative contracts and unrealised profits and losses on open derivative contracts.

Annual report and financial statements for the year ended 31 December 2015

Notes to the financial statements

g. Investment income and expenses (continued)

Income generated by pooled investment vehicles which are accumulation funds is retained within the funds without issue of further units and is reflected in the change in market value of the units. The tax element on the income from the property pooled investment vehicle is reclaimed and reinvested through the purchase of additional units and is reflected in the purchases.

Receipts or payments under swap contracts representing the difference between the swapped cash flows are recognised in investment income when received or paid.

Investment income includes any reclaimable tax credits. Withholding tax is accrued on the same basis as investment income. Where withholding tax is not recoverable, this is shown as a separate expense within investment returns.

Investment management expenses are accounted for on an accruals basis by reference to the period to which they relate.

Transaction costs are included in the cost of purchases and sales proceeds. Transaction costs include costs charged directly to the Scheme such as fees, commissions, stamp duty and other fees. In addition there are indirect transaction costs which are incurred through the bid – offer spread on pooled investments. The amount of indirect transaction costs is not separately provided to the Scheme.

h. Valuation and classification of investments

Investment assets and liabilities are included in the financial statements at fair value. Where separate bid and offer prices are available, the bid price is used for investment assets and the offer price for investment liabilities. Otherwise, the closing single price, single dealing price or most recent transaction price is used. Where quoted or other unit prices are not available, the Trustees adopt valuation techniques appropriate to the class of investment. Details of the valuation techniques and principal assumptions are given in the notes to the financial statements where used.

The methods of determining fair value for the principal classes of investments are:

- Equities, bonds and certain pooled investment vehicles which are traded on an active market are included at the quoted price, which is normally the bid price.
- Unitised pooled investment vehicles which are not traded on an active market but where the manager is able to
 demonstrate that they are priced daily, weekly or at each month end, and are actually traded on substantially all
 pricing days are included at the last price provided by the manager at or before the year end.
- The value of other equities, bonds and pooled investment vehicles which are unquoted or not actively traded on a quoted market is estimated by the Trustees. Where the value of a pooled investment vehicle is primarily driven by the fair value of its underlying assets, the net asset value advised by the fund manager is normally considered a suitable approximation to fair value unless there are restrictions or other factors which prevent realisation at that value, in which case adjustment is made.
- Swaps are valued at the net present value of future cash flows arising therefrom.

Annual report and financial statements for the year ended 31 December 2015

Notes to the financial statements

h. Valuation and classification of investments (continued)

• Forward exchange contracts are valued at the gain or loss that would arise from closing out the contract at the reporting date by entering into an equal and opposite contract at that date.

Accrued interest is excluded from the market value of bonds but is included in other investment balances,

i. Other investment arrangements

The Scheme recognises assets delivered out under stock-lending arrangements and as collateral under derivative contracts to reflect its ongoing interest in those securities. Cash delivered out as collateral under derivative contracts is recognised as an investment receivable in the financial statements.

Collateral securities received in respect of stock-lending arrangements and derivative contracts are disclosed but not recognised as a Scheme asset. Cash received as collateral in respect of derivative contracts is recognised as an investment asset with a corresponding liability recognised as investments payable.

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Notes to the financial statements (continued)

4. Contributions

Employee	2015 £'000	2014 £'000
Normal	89	85
Additional voluntary contributions	37	53
	126	138
	_	
Employer		
Salary sacrifice contributions	1,513	1,597
Normal	6,568	6,222
Augmentation	3,150	
	11,231	7,819
	· · · · · · · · ·	((
	11,357	7,957
	-	

Employer contributions in respect of salary sacrifice arrangements are normal contributions made by certain members of the Scheme and paid by the employer under the arrangements.

The employer augmentation contribution of £3.15 million in 2015 (2014: nil) was made to fund the capital cost of granting discretionary pension increases and other benefit augmentations as certified by the Scheme actuary as the Scheme had insufficient surplus assets to meet the augmentation cost.

5. Other income

	2015 £'000	2014 £'000
VAT refund Claims on life insurance policy Sundry income	18 180	30
	198	32

The Scheme occasionally receives refunds from HM Revenue & Customs for members as a consequence of the Scheme contracting out of the state pension scheme. These refunds are included in sundry income.

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for the year ended 31 December 2015

Notes to the financial statements (continued)		
6. Benefits		
	2015 £'000	2014 £'000
Pensions Commutations and retirement lump sums Lump sum death benefits	70,457 11,631 157	70,752 7,113 609
	82,245	78,474 ====
7. Transfers to other schemes		
	2015 £'000	2014 £'000
Individual transfers to other schemes Payments for members reinstated in state scheme	25,820	6,052 2
	25,820	6,054
8. Administrative expenses		
	2015 £'000	2014 £'000
Administration fees	1,348	1,451
Actuarial fees Levies paid to the Pensions Regulator	241 579	566 525
Trusteeship fees	77	94
Audit fees	56	52
Legal fees Sundry expenses	107 4	346
oundry expenses	'	4

Some of the administration of the Scheme is provided by the Company. The direct costs of employees involved in the administration are recharged to the Scheme. Indirect costs incurred by the Company are recharged to the Scheme on an allocation methodology agreed by the Trustees. These costs are included in the administration fees and are provided in note 27.

Trusteeship fees include fees paid directly to the Trustee Directors as disclosed in note 27 (Related party transactions) to the financial statements.

3,038

2,412

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9. Investment income

	2015 £'000	2014 £'000
Income from bonds	44,609	47,450
Net receipts / (payments) from swaps	(3,616)	(3,592)
Dividends from equities Income from pooled investment vehicles	17,053 5,501	18,276 3,789
Interest on cash deposits	4	16
•	-	(5.000
	63,551	65,939
		-
10. Investment management expenses		
	2015	2014
	£,000	£,000
Administration and management fees	2,006	1,983
Custodian charges	204	182
Investment advisory fees	120 2	161 13
Consultancy on overseas tax claims Bank charges	-	4
	2,332	2,343
	2,532	2,343
	: <u></u>	
11. Investment management fee rebates		
	2015	2014
	£'000	£'000
Investment management fee rebates	1,255	843
	-	

The fee rebates represent amounts received by the Scheme as reimbursement representing a proportion of investment management charges by the investment manager on pooled investment vehicles in which the Scheme has investments.

12. Taxes on investment income

The taxation charge within investment returns represents irrecoverable withholding tax arising on certain classes of investment income.

Annual report and financial statements

for the year ended 31 December 2015

Notes to the financial statements (continued)

13. Investment transaction costs

Transaction costs relating to purchases of investments are added to the cost of investments and those relating to sales of investments are netted against proceeds of investments. These costs include fees, commissions, stamp duty and other fees. Direct transaction costs incurred during the year are analysed as follows:

				2015	2014
Transaction fee category	Equities £'000	Bonds £'000	Other £'000	Total £'000	Total £'000
Fees	21	-	58	79	10
Commissions	174	1	(7)	175	204
Taxes	278	-	(= :	278	209
Total 2015	473	1	58	532	
	-	=		-	_
Total 2014	416	3	4		423
		(=)	-		

In addition to these transaction costs, indirect costs are incurred through the bid-offer spread on investments within the pooled investment vehicles and charges within those vehicles. It has not been possible for the Scheme to quantify such indirect transaction costs.

14. Reconciliation of net investments

	Value as at 1 January 2015 £'000	Purchases at cost and derivative payments £'000	Sale proceeds and derivative receipts £'000	Change in market value £'000	Value as at 31 December 2015 £'000
Equities	542,087	176,149	(148,359)	5,032	574,909
Bonds	1,405,291	3,043,878	(3,102,637)	(36,914)	1,309,618
Derivatives	1,243	1,867,683	(1,864,856)	(7,624)	(3,554)
Pooled investment vehicles	348,888	24,972	(39,749)	20,180	354,291
AVC investments	3,627	38	(796)	96	2,965
	2,301,136	5,112,720	(5,156,397)	(19,230)	2,238,229
				-	
Cash	37,518			247	26,738
Other investment balances	(8,684)			ħ	10,426
	28,834			247	37,164
	·			·	-
	2,329,970			(18,983)	2,275,393

Annual report and financial statements

for the year ended 31 December 2015

Notes to the financial statements (continued)

15. Derivatives

			2015			2014
Over the counter contracts	Assets	Liabilities	Total	Assets	Liabilities	Total
	£'000	£'000	£'000	£'000	£'000	£'000
Forward foreign currency contracts	44	(4,179)	(4,135)	855	(415)	440
Swaps	145,208	(144,627)	581	873	(70)	803
	145,252	(148,806)	(3,554)	1,728	(485)	1,243

Objectives and policies for holding derivatives

The Trustee allows RLAM the discretion to use derivatives to support the investment strategy. These are financial instruments whose value is dependent on the value of an underlying index, currency, commodity or other asset.

The Trustee authorised the use of derivatives for hedging purposes and to enhance the efficient management of the investment portfolios where they provide the opportunities to achieve the overall portfolio objective more efficiently than would be the case through direct dealing in the underlying securities.

Derivatives are not used for speculative purposes. Furthermore, restrictions are in place with RLAM to limit the overall extent of derivatives usage and exposure to certain types of derivatives.

Derivative contracts are included in the financial statements at fair value. During the year the Scheme used swaps and forward foreign currency contracts.

Swaps

The Scheme used swaps which are over the counter contracts and fair value is the current value of future expected net cash flows arising from the swap, taking into account the time value of money. Fair value is normally calculated using discounted cash flow models and using market data at the reporting date. The Scheme participated in two types of swaps during the year, which are inflation swaps and total return swaps as follows:

(a). Inflation swap

An inflation swap is a contract under which inflation-indexed payments are exchanged for fixed payments based on an agreed principal amount. Only the net interest payments are exchanged. No exchange of principal takes place.

(b). Total return swaps

A total return swap is a contract in which one party makes payments based on a set rate, either fixed or variable, while the other party makes payments based on the return of an underlying asset, which includes both the income it generates and any capital gains. No exchange of principal takes place.

Annual report and financial statements

for the year ended 31 December 2015

Notes to the financial statements (continued)

15. Derivatives (continued)

Outstanding swap contracts at the year-end are detailed as follows:

Nature of Swap	Expires within	Number of Contracts	Notional principal £'000	Assets £'000	Liabilities £'000	2015 Net £'000
Total return swaps						
Pay fixed interest for total return (Gilts)	1 year	3	45,400	68,928	(70,499)	(1,571)
Pay total return (Gilts) for fixed interest	1 year	3	71,100	74,712	(74,108)	604
Inflation swaps						
Pay fixed interest for variable (6 month LIBOR)	1-5 years	4	89,100	820	:#:	820
Pay fixed interest for variable (6 month LIBOR)	5 – 10 years	4	49,500	439	(20)	419
Pay fixed interest for variable (6 month LIBOR)	10-20 years	3	26,500	309	3	309
				145,208	(144,627)	581

The notional principal of a swap is the amount used to determine the swapped receipts and payments.

Forward foreign currency contracts

A forward foreign currency contract is an agreement to exchange an agreed amount of currency (contract or notional amount) at a specified exchange rate and on a specified date. The contract is used to reduce exposure to movements in exchange rates.

Outstanding forward foreign currency contracts at the year-end are detailed as follows:

	Number of	Currency	Currency	Contract /notional		Liabilitie	2015
Settlement date within	contracts	bought	Sold	amount £'000	Assets £'000	£'000	Net £'000
1-3 Months	2	GBP	EUR	58,607	-	(1,348)	(1,348)
1 Month	2	GBP	USD	70,420	-	(1,867)	(1,867)
3 Months	1	GBP	JPY	21,900		(964)	(964)
3 Months	2	GBP	Other	2,218	23	ì	23
3 Months	3	Other	GBP	2,791	21	*	21
					44	(4,179)	(4,135)

The contract or nominal amount represents the sterling value of the foreign currency amount of the contract translated at the year-end spot rate.

Annual report and financial statements

for the year ended 31 December 2015

Notes to the financial statements (continued)

16. Collateral and Stock lending arrangements

Collateral was pledged by the Scheme in respect of derivative contracts outstanding at the year-end in the form of gilts with a market value as at 31 December 2015 of £8.0 million (2014: £3.6 million). The pledged assets are included in the net investment assets.

The Scheme has undertaken stock loan transactions during the year, which transfer the legal title to an asset to a third party but not the right to the income and change in market value of the asset. The Scheme retains the risks and rewards of ownership of assets under stock loan arrangements. The market value of the assets as at 31 December 2015 amounted to £11.2 million (2014: £15.9 million) and is included in the table above.

The assets transferred under stock loan arrangements are secured by the receipt of collateral from the third party in the form of government bonds, corporate bonds and quoted equities, which may be re-pledged or sold if there is default. The market value of collateral held by the Scheme as at 31 December 2015 was £13.7 million (2014: £17.6 million) and is not included in the table above.

17. Pooled investment vehicles

	2015 £'000	2014 £'000
Equities	130,978	140,946
Bonds	12,937	12,674
Property	200,262	185,229
Cash	10,114	10,038
	354,291	348,888

All pooled investment vehicles are managed by companies registered in the United Kingdom.

18. Cash

	2015 £'000	2014 £'000
UK GBP Sterling Foreign currency	19,857 6,881	33,113 4,405
	26,738	37,518

Annual report and financial statements

for the year ended 31 December 2015

Notes to the financial statements (continued)

19. Other investment balances

	2015 £'000	2014 £'000
Accrued investment income	7,078	10,683
Investment income receivable	1,102	1,170
Trade settlements due from brokers	3,001	14,059
Tax reclaims	131	339
	11,312	26,251
Trade settlements due to brokers	(886)	(34,935)
	10,426	(8,684)

20. Additional Voluntary Contributions (AVC) investments

The Trustee holds assets invested separately from the main fund in the form of insurance policies, which secure additional benefits on a money purchase basis for those members electing to pay additional voluntary contributions. Members participating in this arrangement each receive an annual statement confirming the amounts held on their behalf and the movements in the year. The aggregate amounts of AVC investments are shown below:

	2015 £'000	2014 £'000
Clerical Medical Investment Group Limited	1,510	1,775
Royal London Group	744	854
Scottish Widows plc	422	618
The Equitable Life Assurance Society	289	380
	2,965	3,627

21. Fair value of investments

The fair value of investments in the statement of net assets available for benefits has been determined using an analysis of the level in the following hierarchy:

Valuation methodology	Level
Unadjusted quoted price in an active market for identical instruments that the entity can	
access at the measurement date	1
Inputs (other than quoted prices) that are observable for the instrument, either directly or	
indirectly	2
Inputs are unobservable, i.e. for which market data is unavailable.	3

Annual report and financial statements for the year ended 31 December 2015

Notes to the financial statements (continued)

21. Fair value of investments (continued)

Pooled investment vehicles which are traded regularly are generally included in level (1). Where the absence of regular trading or the unsuitability of recent transaction prices as a proxy for fair value applies, valuation techniques are adopted and the vehicles are included in level (3).

The Scheme's investment assets and liabilities have been included at fair value within the hierarchical levels as follows:

Asset category	Н	ierarchy level	20		
Investment assets	1 £000	2 £000	3 £000	Total £000	
Equities Bonds Derivatives Pooled investment vehicles Cash AVC investments Other investment balances	572,573 583,987 	19 710,455 145,252	2,317 15,176 - 213,198 - 2,965 123	574,909 1,309,618 145,252 354,291 26,738 2,965 11,312	
Investment liabilities Derivatives Other investment balances	1,329,775 (886) (886)	(148,806)	233,779	2,425,085 (148,806) (886) (149,692)	
Total investments	1,328,889	712,725	233,779	2,275,393	

Annual report and financial statements for the year ended 31 December 2015

Notes to the financial statements (continued)

21. Fair value of investments (continued)

An analysis for the prior year-end is as follows:

Asset category	Н	2014		
	1	2	3	Total
	£000	£000	£000	£000
Investment assets				
Equities	535,132	19	6,936	542,087
Bonds	586,276	802,279	16,736	1,405,291
Derivatives	3.69	1,728	(6)	1,728
Pooled investment vehicles	150,985		197,903	348,888
Cash	37,518		W	37,518
AVC investments			3,627	3,627
Other investment balances	17,181	8,946	124	26,251
	1,327,092	812,972	225,326	2,365,390
Investment liabilities	77			-
Derivatives	120	(485)	-	(485)
Other investment balances	(34,935)	: = :	-	(34,935)
	(34,935)	(485)		(35,420)
	· ·		2 2	,
Total investments	1,292,157	812,487	225,326	2,329,970

22. Investment risks

Types of risk relating to investments

FRS 102 requires the disclosure of information in relation to certain investment risks.

Credit risk: this is the risk that one party to a financial instrument will cause a financial loss for the other party by failing to discharge an obligation.

Market risk: this comprises currency risk, interest rate risk and other price risk.

- Currency risk: this is the risk that the fair value or future cash flows of a financial asset will fluctuate because of changes in foreign exchange rates.
- Interest rate risk: this is the risk that the fair value or future cash flows of a financial asset will fluctuate because of changes in market interest rates.

Annual report and financial statements

for the year ended 31 December 2015

Notes to the financial statements (continued)

22. Investment risks (continued)

• Other price risk: this is the risk that the fair value or future cash flows of a financial asset will fluctuate because of changes in market prices (other than those arising from interest rate risk or currency risk), whether those changes are caused by factors specific to the individual financial instrument or its issuer, or factors affecting all similar financial instruments traded in the market.

The Trustee manages investment risks, including credit risk and market risk, considering the Scheme's investment objectives and the investment strategy after receiving advice from a professional advisor, and delegates implementation to the Scheme's investment manager.

Further information on the Trustee's approach to risk management, credit and market risk is set out below. This does not include the AVC investments as these are not considered significant in relation to the overall investments of the Scheme.

Investment strategy

The investment objective is to maintain a portfolio of suitable assets of appropriate liquidity which will generate investment returns to meet, together with any future contributions, the benefits payable under the trust deed and rules as they fall due.

The Trustee sets the investment strategy taking into account considerations such as the strength of the employer covenant, the long term liabilities and the funding plan agreed with the Employer. The investment strategy is set out in the Scheme's Statement of Investment Principles ("SIP").

The target investment strategy is to hold:

- 32% in return-seeking investments comprising UK and overseas equities, property and high yield debt.
- 68% in investments that are expected to move in line with the long term liabilities of the Scheme. This is referred to
 as LDI and comprises UK government and corporate bonds, UK property and interest rate and inflation swaps, the
 purpose of which is to hedge against the impact of interest rate and inflation movements of the long term liabilities.

Credit risk

The Scheme invests in pooled funds and is therefore directly exposed to credit risk in relation to the solvency of the investment manager and the custodian of the funds. Direct credit risk arising from pooled investment vehicles is mitigated by the underlying assets of the pooled arrangements being "ring-fenced" from the pooled fund manager, the regulatory environments in which the manager operates and diversification of investments amongst pooled arrangements. The Trustee also carries out due diligence checks on the appointment of new pooled investment vehicles and on an ongoing basis monitors any changes to the operating environment of the pooled fund manager.

The Scheme is also subject to direct credit risk arising from investments in bonds, over-the-counter ("OTC") derivatives and cash balances.

Credit risk arising on bonds held directly is mitigated by investing in government bonds where the credit risk is minimal, or corporate bonds where the overwhelming majority of the investments have a minimum investment-grade credit rating across a diversified exposure of different credit issuers.

Annual report and financial statements

for the year ended 31 December 2015

Notes to the financial statements (continued)

22. Investment risks (continued)

The Scheme's OTC derivative contracts are not guaranteed by any regulated exchange and therefore the Scheme is subject to the risk of failure of the counterparty. The credit risk for OTC derivatives is reduced by limits on the exposure to any single counterparty and a minimum credit rating that all counterparties must meet. In addition, the derivative positions are collateralised daily to ensure that the extent of the credit risk is limited to one day's market movements. Collateral in relation to the Scheme's OTC derivative contracts and manager stock lending activities is typically posted in the form of government bonds or cash held with investment banks that are at least investment grade credit rated.

Where the Scheme's investment manager engages in stock lending activities, the Trustee manages the credit risk arising from such activities by restricting the amount of overall stock that may be lent, only lending to approved borrowers who are rated investment grade, limiting the amount that can be lent to any one borrower and putting in place collateral arrangements.

The Trustee considers financial instruments or counterparties to be of investment grade if they are rated at BBB- or higher by Standard & Poor's or Fitch, or rated at Baa3 or higher by Moody's.

Cash is held within financial institutions which are at least investment grade credit rated.

The information about exposures to and mitigation of credit risk above applied at both the current and previous yearend.

Currency risk

As the Scheme's liabilities are denominated in Sterling, any non-Sterling currency exposure within the assets presents additional currency risk. The Scheme is subject to currency risk because some of the Scheme's investments are held in overseas markets, either as segregated investments (direct exposure) or via pooled investment vehicles (indirect exposure).

The Trustee considers the overseas currency exposure in the context of the overall investment strategy and believes that the non-Sterling currency exposure that exists diversifies the strategy and is appropriate. The Scheme's mandate with the investment manager places restrictions on the amount of non-Sterling currency exposure.

Interest rate risk

The Scheme is subject to interest rate risk as some of the Scheme's investments are held in bonds, interest rate swaps and cash. The Scheme's liabilities are also subject to interest rate movement. The Trustee seeks to reduce the Scheme's exposure to this risk by investing some of the Scheme's assets in bonds and derivatives (such as interest rate swaps) whose values move in a similar way to the value of the liabilities. The net effect is to reduce the volatility of the funding level.

Other price risk

Other price risk arises principally in relation to the Scheme's equity, property and high yield debt investments. This risk will vary depending on the particular market invested in.

Annual report and financial statements

for the year ended 31 December 2015

Notes to the financial statements (continued)

22. Investment risks (continued)

The Trustee seeks to reduce the Scheme's exposure to overall price risk by investing in a diversified range of investments across various markets. The Scheme's exposure to other price risk will vary over time depending on any "active" asset allocation decisions taken by the investment manager to reflect its market views, or any changes to the Scheme's overall target investment strategy.

23. Concentration of investments

The following investments are held which represent over 5% of the net assets of the Scheme:

	2015			2014		
	£'000	%	£'000	%		
RL Property Authorised Investment Fund Accumulation	191,120	8.39	176,558	7.57		

24. Employer related investments

There were no employer related investments held directly or indirectly by the Scheme during the year.

25. Current assets

	2015 £'000	2014 £'000
Cash balances	4,866	3,612
Prepayments	147	138
Contributions due	697	739
Other debtors	37	41
	5,747	4,530

The contributions due related to normal employer and employee contributions and were paid by the employer to the Scheme by 13 January 2016.

26. Current liabilities

	2015 £'000	2014 £'000
Unpaid benefits	2,562	.
Amounts due to employer	271	381
Accrued expenses	465	528
Other creditors	936	975
	4,234	1,884

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for the year ended 31 December 2015

Notes to the financial statements (continued)

27. Related party transactions

a. Transactions with key management personnel

The Trustee Directors

During the year two Trustee Directors were paid fees in respect of Trustee services amounting to £45,000 (2014: £34,000). In addition, the Trustee Directors claimed expenses including travel expenses for attendance at Trustee meetings. The fees and expenses are included in note 7.

The Law Debenture Pension Trust Corporation plc is a corporate Trustee Director of the Scheme. They are paid a fee in respect of their services. In 2015 the fee amounted to £43,685 (2014: £45,176) and is included in note 7. Fees amounting to £16,516 (2014: £12,015) were payable by the Scheme as at the year-end and are included in note 26.

During the year two Trustee Directors were in receipt of a pension and two Trustee Directors paid contributions as active members of the Scheme. In addition two Trustee Directors are life assurance cover only members on normal terms of employment.

b. Transactions with other related parties

1. The Employer

Royal London Group provides certain administration and accountancy services to the Scheme. Costs incurred for these services are recharged to the Scheme. During the year the Scheme was recharged £0.3 million (2014: £0.2 million) in respect of these services, of which £0.1 million was payable (2014: £0.1 million) at the year-end.

A certain section of AVC investments is managed by the Royal London Group. As at 31 December 2015, these investments which are held in the member's names had a market value of £0.7 million (2014: £0.8 million).

2. The Investment manager

Royal London Asset Management Limited (RLAM) is a subsidiary company within the Royal London Group. RLAM manages the investments of the Scheme on an arm's length basis and is remunerated in accordance with the terms of a normal commercial contract. Investment management expenses totalling £2.0 million (2014: £2.0 million) are in respect of this remuneration for the year ended 31 December 2015, of which £0.5 million (2014: £0.5 million) was payable at the year-end. The Scheme received investment management fee rebates of £1.3 million (2014: £0.7 million) from RLAM, of which £0.5 million (2014: £0.2 million) was receivable at the year-end.

Annual report and financial statements for the year ended 31 December 2015

27. Related party transactions (continued)

The Scheme holds units in the following funds managed by subsidiaries of RLAM in proportion to the total Scheme assets as shown:

Fund	Managed by:	Market value 2015		Market value 2014	
		£,000	%	£'000	%
Royal London Cash Plus Fund	Royal London Unit Trust				
•	Managers Limited	10,114	0.4	10,039	0.4
RLPPC Global bond Fund	Royal London Pooled Pension				
	Company	12,937	0.6	12,674	0.5
Royal London Japan Tracker Fund	Royal London Unit Trust				
	Managers Limited	79,215	3.5	72,292	3.1
Royal London Asia Pacific ex Japan	Royal London Unit Trust				
Tracker Z Accumulation Fund	Managers Limited	51,763	2.3	68,654	2.9
Property Authorised Investment Fund	Royal London Unit Trust				
	Managers Limited	200,262	8.8	185,229	7.9
		254 201		740,000	
		354,291		348,888	
				*	

All investment income as disclosed in note 8 is generated by RLAM.

28. Contingent liabilities and contractual commitments

In the opinion of the Trustee, the Scheme has contingent liabilities or contractual commitments in the form of stock collateral arrangements which are disclosed in note 16.

29. Subsequent events

Since the year-end, there have been no events that would require amendment to or disclosure in the financial statements.

Annual report and financial statements

for the year ended 31 December 2015

Independent Auditors' Statement about Contributions to the Trustee of the Royal London Group Pension Scheme

Statement about contributions

Our opinion

In our opinion, the contributions required by the schedule of contributions for the scheme year ended 31 December 2015 as reported in the Royal London Group Pension Scheme's summary of contributions have in all material respects been paid in accordance with the schedules of contributions certified by the Scheme actuary on 5 June 2014 and 28 January 2015.

What we have examined

The Royal London Group Pension Scheme's summary of contributions for the scheme year ended 31 December 2015 is set out on the following page.

Responsibilities for the statement about contributions

Our responsibilities and those of the Trustee

As explained more fully in the statement of Trustee's responsibilities, the Scheme's Trustee is responsible for preparing, and from time to time reviewing and if necessary revising, a schedule of contributions and for monitoring whether contributions are made to the Scheme by the employer in accordance with relevant requirements.

It is our responsibility to provide a statement about contributions and to report our opinion to you.

This report, including the opinion, has been prepared for and only for the Trustee as a body in accordance with section 41 of the Pensions Act 1995 and for no other purpose. We do not, in giving this opinion, accept or assume responsibility for any other purpose or to any other person to whom this report is shown or into whose hands it may come save where expressly agreed by our prior consent in writing.

What an examination of the summary of contributions involves

Our examination involves obtaining evidence sufficient to give reasonable assurance that contributions reported in the summary of contributions have, in all material respects, been paid in accordance with the relevant requirements. This includes an examination, on a test basis, of evidence relevant to the amounts of contributions payable to the scheme under the schedule of contributions or, in the absence of such a schedule, the scheme rules and recommendations of the actuary, and the timing of those payments.

We test and examine information, using sampling and other techniques, to the extent we consider necessary to provide a reasonable basis for us to draw conclusions. We obtain evidence through testing the effectiveness of controls, substantive procedures or a combination of both.

PricewaterhouseCoopers LLP

Pricesaleshouse (copsa Lip

Chartered Accountants and Statutory Auditors

Manchester

7 July 2016

Annual report and financial statements for the year ended 31 December 2015

Summary of Contributions

During the year, the contributions payable to the Scheme were as follows:

	Employee	Employer
	2015	2015
	£000	£000
Contributions required by the Schedule of Contributions		
Normal contributions	89	6,568
Salary sacrifice contributions made by the employer on		,-
behalf of the employees	-	1,513
onal of the employees		1,010
	89	8,081
Other contributions payable	0)	0,001
* *		4.150
Augmentation	-	3,150
Additional Voluntary Contributions (AVC)	37	
		-
	126	11,231
		-

Details of contribution rates are included in the Schedule of Contributions which can be made available to members on request from the contact details set out on page 36.

Approval

The Summary of Contributions was approved by the Trustee Directors on 7 July 2016.

Signed for and on behalf of RLGPS Trustee Limited by:

Thuhan E'Kalding

Trustee Director

The Law Debenture Pension Trust Corporation P.L.C.

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Actuarial certificate

Actuary's certification of the schedule of contributions

Actuarial certificate given for the purposes of section 58 of the Pensions Act 1995 (Certificate of Schedule of Contributions)

Name of scheme:

Royal London Group Pension Scheme

Adequacy of rates of contributions

I hereby certify that, in my opinion, the rates of contributions shown in this schedule of contributions are such that the statutory funding objective could have been expected on 31 December 2013 to continue to be met for the period for which the schedule is to be in force.

Adherence to statement of funding principles

I hereby certify that, in my opinion, this schedule of contributions is consistent with the statement of funding principles dated 5 June 2014.

The certification of the adequacy of the rates of contributions for the purpose of securing that the statutory funding objective can be expected to be met is not a certification of their adequacy for the purpose of securing the Scheme's liabilities by the purchase of annuities, if the Scheme were wound up.

Jonathan Howes

Towers Watson Limited

Scheme actuary

1 Wellington Place

Fellow of the Institute of Actuaries

Wellington Street

Leeds

28 January 2015

LS1 4AP

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for the year ended 31 December 2015

Further information

The Registrar, TPAS, the Pensions Ombudsman and The Pensions Regulator

In accordance with the Occupational and Personal Pensions Schemes (Disclosure of Information) Regulations 2013, members are advised that:

- information regarding the Scheme has been given to the Registrar of Occupational Pension Schemes;
- the Pensions Advisory Service (TPAS, formerly known as OPAS) of 11 Belgrave Road, London, SW1V 1RB is able to assist members and beneficiaries with difficulties which may arise;
- the Pensions Ombudsman of 11 Belgrave Road, London, SW1V 1RB may investigate and determine any complaint or dispute of fact or law which they have failed to resolve with the Trustee or the Scheme administrator, in relation to an occupational pension scheme.

In addition to the above, The Pensions Regulator regulates company pension schemes and enforces the law as it relates to them. It has wide ranging powers which include the power to:

- suspend, disqualify and remove a trustee, or a director of a trustee company, for consistently not carrying out their duties;
- wind up schemes where necessary;
- apply for injunctions to prevent the misuse and misappropriation of scheme assets and apply for restitution where necessary.

The Auditor and Actuary have a statutory duty to make an immediate written report to The Pensions Regulator if they believe that legal duties concerned with the running of the Scheme are not being carried out.

Internal disputes resolution procedure

A disputes resolution procedure has been agreed by the Trustee to try to resolve any queries raised by beneficiaries or potential beneficiaries of the Scheme and details of this can be obtained by writing to the contact below.

Contact for further information

Phone: 0113 234 3222

Any queries or complaints about the Scheme, including requests from individuals for information about their benefits, or for a copy of Scheme documentation, should be sent to the Trustee of the Royal London Group Pension Scheme at the following addresses.

Queries from deferred and pensioner members about their benefit entitlements:
c/o Willis Towers Watson Limited c/o Staff Pensions Team
1 Wellington Place Royal London House
Wellington Street Alderley Road
Leeds Wilmslow

LS1 4AP SK9 1PF
Email:royallondongroup@towerswatson.com Email:staff.pensions@royallondon.com

Email: staff.pensions@royallondon.com Email: cosec@royallondon.com Phone: 01625 605 106 Phone: 0207 506 6500

All other queries, including

documentation:

London

EC3V ORL

Royal London Group

55 Gracechurch Street

complaints or requests for Scheme

Royal London Company Secretary