

PERSONAL MENU PLAN INCOME PROTECTION

Plan details - September 2017



WE GIVE THIS BOOKLET OF TERMS AND CONDITIONS TO EVERYONE WHO BUYS INCOME PROTECTION UNDER THE PERSONAL MENU PLAN. IT TELLS YOU HOW YOUR COVER WORKS AND EXPLAINS HOW TO MAKE A CLAIM, KEEP YOUR PREMIUMS UP-TO-DATE AND HOW TO MAKE CHANGES TO YOUR COVER.

These terms and conditions are part of the contract between **you**, the plan owner, and **Royal London**. Please keep them in a safe place, as **you** may need them in the future.

The contract between **you** and **Royal London** consists of **your application** to **us**, these terms and conditions, **your** cover summary (which will detail each cover that **you** buy from **us**) and any **endorsements** to these terms and conditions that **we** give **you**. Where there's a conflict between these terms and conditions and **your** cover summary, the terms set out in **your** cover summary will apply.

Cancelling your plan

If, after taking out the plan, **you** feel it isn't suitable, **you** may cancel it by writing to **us** at the address shown on page 4. If **you** do this within 30 days of receiving **your** cover summary and plan details, **we'll** return any premiums **you've** paid. If **you** cancel after the first 30 days, **we** won't refund any of **your** premiums. For information on cancelling **your** cover, see page 17.

If **you** would like this booklet or any other information in large print, in braille or on audio CD, please call **us** on **0345 6094 500**.

Before you start, please note:

Any words in **bold** are defined in section 4 of this booklet.

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TELLING US ABOUT CHANGES

Changes before your cover starts

You must tell us if there's a change to anything in your application in the time after you've applied for your cover, but before the date we assume risk. These changes could be affecting you or the person covered. For example, a change to health, occupation or leisure activities of the person covered or a change to your or the person covered's country of residence. If **you** don't let **us** know about any changes we might not pay out if you make a claim. Or, we might change the terms of your cover or cancel it.

We'll give you a copy of your application and any other information we've been given, if you ask us. It will help if you have your plan number to hand when you contact us.

Changes at any time

At any time, please remember to tell us if any of the following change:

- you stop being resident in the UK, Jersey, Guernsey or the Isle of Man
- your name, or the name of the person covered
- your address
- your bank account.

You can contact us in the following ways:

- 0345 6094 500
- - 0345 6094 522

Royal London, 1 Thistle Street, Edinburgh EH2 1DG

protectionhelp@royallondon.com

3 royallondon.com

If you phone us, we might record or monitor your call so we have an accurate record of anything **you** tell **us**.

1. HOW YOUR COVER WORKS

Income Protection is designed to pay out if the **person covered** can't **work** because of an illness or injury and they meet the requirements of **our** definition of **incapacitated**. **You'll** find **our** definition of **incapacitated** in section 4.

If you have Income Protection **we** automatically include Fracture Cover, Hospitalisation Payment, Additional Payment on Death and Back to Work Payment.

How to make a claim

If **you** or **your** representatives want to make a claim, please call **us** on 0345 6094 500.

Please contact **us** as soon as possible, so **we** can help **you** as quickly as **we** can. It will help **us** if **you** have **your** plan number to hand when **you** contact **us**. Before **you** call, please read through the information below.

If the **person covered** is living or working outside **the UK** and **you** want to make a claim, **we** might need the **person covered** to return to one of the countries listed opposite.

- The UK
- Australia
- Austria
- Belgium
- Bulgaria
- Canada
- Channel Islands
- Cyprus
- Czech Republic
- Denmark
- Estonia
- Finland
- France
- Germany
- Gibraltar
- Greece
- Hong Kong
- Hungary
- Iceland
- Ireland

- Isle of Man
- Italy
- Japan
- Latvia
- Liechtenstein
- Lithuania
- Luxembourg
- Malta
- The Netherlands
- New Zealand
- Norway
- Poland
- Portugal
- Slovakia
- Slovenia
- South Africa
- Spain
- Sweden
- Switzerland
- USA

What happens when you make a claim

We'll send you a claim form – please fill it in and send it back to us. Depending on what your claim is for, we'll also ask for other information. For example:

- a birth, marriage or death certificate
- medical information, or medical records
- the person covered's earnings
- proof of change of name.

We'll pay what we consider to be the reasonable cost of all medical reports or evidence we ask for.

Who we'll pay

We'll pay the cover amount to the person who is legally entitled to receive it. This will depend on the circumstances at the time, and whether the plan that **your** cover is under has been assigned or put under trust.

We usually pay the owner of the plan the cover is under or, if they've died, their personal representatives. If a personal representative wants to claim, they must send **us** an original Grant of Representation or Confirmation. If there are joint plan owners, **we'll** pay them jointly. If one of the joint plan owners has died, **we'll** pay the survivor of them.

If the plan that **your** cover is under has been assigned, **we'll** pay the assignee. If an assignee wants to claim, they must send **us** the original Deed of Assignment.

If the plan that **your** cover is under is written in trust, **we'll** pay the trustees. The trustees must then follow the terms of the trust to distribute the money to the chosen beneficiaries. If trustees want to claim, they must send **us** the original Trust Deed, and any original deeds altering the trust. **We** won't be responsible for checking that the trust has been properly established, validly altered or whether it has been terminated.

When we will and won't pay a claim

Claims for Income Protection

To confirm that the **person covered** meets the requirements of **our** definition of **incapacitated**, we might:

- ask the **person covered** to be examined by a doctor or health specialist **we** choose, or
- ask for any other evidence we may

reasonably require, for example a report from a GP or treating consultant.

We'll pay a claim if:

- Income Protection is shown on **your** cover summary,
- during the term of the cover the person covered
 - meets the requirements of **our** definition of **incapacitated** for a continuous period longer than the **deferred period** shown on **your** cover summary, or
 - meets the requirements of **our** definition of **terminal illness**, and
- the information **you** send **us** is correct and complete, and **your** claim is valid according to these terms and conditions.

You'll find our definition of incapacitated, terminal illness and their relevant requirements in section 4.

We'll continue paying until:

- the **person covered** no longer meets the requirements of **our** definition of **incapacitated**,
- the person covered goes back to work,
- the cover payment period ends if one's shown in the additional features of your cover summary,
- the term of the cover reaches an end, or
- the **person covered** dies.

We won't pay a claim if:

- it's the result of an **exclusion** shown on **your** cover summary,
- it's the result of intentional self-inflicted injury, or

• the **person covered** doesn't meet the requirements of **our** definition of **incapacitated**.

We might also not pay or may stop paying your claim if:

- you or the person covered didn't answer the questions on your application fully, honestly and to the best of your or their knowledge and ability,
- you didn't tell us about a change in circumstances between when you originally submitted your application and the date we assumed risk. This includes information about the health, occupation or leisure activities of the person covered, or your or the person covered's country of residence, or
- you don't send us everything we ask for, or if the information you do provide is incorrect or incomplete.

Connected claims

A connected claim happens if:

- we start to pay a claim, but stop paying because the **person covered** no longer meets the requirements of **our** definition of **incapacitated**, but
- within the next 52 weeks of **us** stopping making payments, the **person covered** meets the requirements of **our** definition of **incapacitated** once again, so **you** want to make a further claim.

We'll treat your further claim as connected as long as:

• the **person covered** didn't go back to **work** again against their doctor's advice,

- the **person covered** meets the requirements of **our** definition of **incapacitated** from the same cause as the original claim, and
- the **person covered** is in the same **occupation** when the further claim starts.

A connected claim doesn't have a **deferred period**, so **we'll** start to pay the claim again straightaway.

How your cover payment period affects a connected claim

If the additional features of **your** cover summary shows **you** have a **cover payment period**, **we'll** pay a connected claim for the remainder of this **cover payment period** only if the **person covered** returns to **work** before this **cover payment period** ends.

This remainder is the difference in time between the length of **your cover payment period** and how long in months **we** paid **your** original claim for before the **person covered** went back to **work**. For example, if **your cover payment period** is 24 months and **we've** paid **your** claim for eight months, **we'll** pay a connected claim for another 16 months if the **person covered** has to stop **work** again, they meet the requirements of **our** definition of **incapacitated** and **we** can treat the claim as a connected claim.

If the **person covered** goes back to **work** after the end of the **cover payment period**, **we** won't pay any further claim under this cover until the **person covered** has been back at **work** for at least 52 continuous weeks.

Claims for Fracture Cover

To make a claim for Fracture Cover you or the **person covered** must:

- tell us **you** want to claim as soon as possible,
- provide evidence of the **bone fracture**, such as the hospital discharge summary or a letter from the **person covered's** GP, and
- provide any additional information that we may reasonably request, such as information relating to the cause of the claim or the answers to the questions in your original application.

We'll pay a claim if:

- Income Protection is shown on your cover summary,
- during the **term of the cover** the **person covered** is diagnosed with a **bone fracture**, and
- the information **you** send **us** is correct and complete, and **your** claim is valid according to these terms and conditions.

You'll find our definition of **bone fracture** and the relevant requirements in section 4.

We'll only pay two Fracture Cover claims for the **person covered** and only pay once for each **bone fracture** type within any 12 month period. A 12 month period runs from the start date of **your** Income Protection and each subsequent 12 month anniversary thereafter.

We won't pay a claim for Fracture Cover if the **bone fracture** is:

- the result of an **exclusion** shown on **your** cover summary,
- the result of **intentional self-inflicted** injury, or

• classified as fatigue, stress or hairline.

We might also not pay your claim if:

- you or the person covered didn't answer the questions on your application fully, honestly and to the best of your or their knowledge and ability,
- you didn't tell us about a change in circumstances between when you originally submitted your application and the date we assumed risk. This includes information about the health, occupation or leisure activities of the person covered, or your or the person covered's country of residence, or
- you don't send us everything we ask for, or if the information you do provide is incorrect or incomplete.

We'll pay Fracture Cover claims directly into the account from which premiums are being paid, unless **you** tell **us** otherwise.

Claims for Hospitalisation Payment

To make a claim for Hospitalisation Payment **you** or the **person covered** must:

- tell us **you** want to claim as soon as possible,
- provide evidence of the **person covered** being hospitalised, such as the hospital discharge summary or a letter from the **person covered's** GP, and
- provide any additional information that we may reasonably request, such as information relating to the cause of the claim or the answers to the questions in your original application.

We'll pay a claim if:

- Income Protection is shown on **your** cover summary,
- during the **term of the cover** the **person covered** is hospitalised due to **incapacity** for more than 6 consecutive nights during the **deferred period**, and
- the information **you** send **us** is correct and complete, and **your** claim is valid according to these terms and conditions.

We'll only pay a claim for Hospitalisation Payment for the **person covered** for a maximum of 90 nights during the **term of the cover**.

We won't pay a claim for Hospitalisation Payment if:

- it's the result of an **exclusion** shown on **your** cover summary, or
- it's the result of intentional self-inflicted injury.

We might also not pay your claim if:

- you or the person covered didn't answer the questions on your application fully, honestly and to the best of your or their knowledge and ability,
- you didn't tell us about a change in circumstances between when you originally submitted your application and the date we assumed risk. This includes information about the health, occupation or leisure activities of the person covered, or your or the person covered's country of residence, or
- you don't send us everything we ask for, or if the information you do provide is incorrect or incomplete.

We'll pay a Hospitalisation Payment claim directly into the account from which premiums are being paid, unless **you** tell **us** otherwise.

Connected claims

A connected claim happens if:

- we start to pay a claim, but stop paying because the **person covered** leaves hospital, but
- within the **deferred period**, the **person covered** is hospitalised once again, so **you** want to make a further claim.

We'll treat your further claim as connected as long as:

- the **person covered** didn't go back to **work** again against their doctor's advice,
- the **person covered** is hospitalised from the same cause as the original claim, and
- the **person covered** is in the same occupation when the further claim starts.

We'll start to pay a connected claim again straightaway.

Claims for Additional Payment on Death

We'll pay a claim if:

- Income Protection is shown on your cover summary,
- during the term of the cover the person covered dies, and
- the information **you** send **us** is correct and complete, and **your** claim is valid according to these terms and conditions.

We won't pay a claim if:

- it's the result of an **exclusion** shown on **your** cover summary,
- it's the result of **intentional self-inflicted injury**, unless it's a claim for death more than 12 months after **your** cover starts or restarts.

Claims for Back to Work Payment

We'll pay a claim if:

- Income Protection is shown on **your** cover summary and this has a **deferred period** of 13, 26 or 52 weeks,
- we've been paying a claim for Income Protection and the person covered recovers sufficiently to go back to work in their own occupation or another occupation, in a capacity that means they are no longer suffering any loss of earnings, and
- the information **you** send **us** is correct and complete, and **your** claim is valid according to these terms and conditions.

We'll only pay this once we have stopped paying the claim under Income Protection. This includes any amount we pay because the **person covered** goes back to **work** in their own **occupation** part time or goes back to work in a different **occupation** with lower earnings.

If we pay any subsequent claim under Income Protection, we'll only pay a Back to Work Payment following the subsequent claim ending if we start paying the subsequent claim more than six months after we paid a Back to Work Payment on the previous claim.

How much we'll pay

Claims for Income Protection

If your cover is payable as level regular payments

We'll pay 1/12th of the lower of:

- the amount of cover shown on **your** cover summary, or
- the maximum annual benefit available based on the person covered's pre-incapacity earnings.

If when you make a claim, the maximum annual benefit available based on the person covered's pre-incapacity earnings is lower than the amount of cover shown on your cover summary, we'll pay 1/12th of the lower of:

- the maximum annual benefit available based on the person covered's pre-incapacity earnings subject to a minimum of £1500 each month, or
- the amount of cover shown on **your** cover summary.

If your cover is payable as increasing regular payments

We'll pay 1/12th of the lower of:

- the amount of cover shown on **your** cover summary or the amount **we've** written to tell **you** following an increase, whichever is greater, or
- the maximum annual benefit available based on the person covered's pre-incapacity earnings

Your amount of cover will continue to increase each year on the date the plan your cover is under started. The additional features in your cover summary will show whether your cover will increase by a fixed rate or by the **retail price index**. If **you** select this option **your** premiums will also increase each year. This is explained further on page 11.

Your amount of cover will increase each year and will continue to increase yearly, as long as the maximum amount of cover of $\pounds 250,000$ is not reached. If the maximum amount of cover is reached, we won't allow any more increases to your amount of cover. If you selected the maximum amount of cover of $\pounds 250,000$ when your cover started, your cover will increase once only, on the first anniversary of the plan starting.

If when you make a claim, the maximum annual benefit available based on the person covered's pre-incapacity earnings is lower than the amount of cover that you have (either as shown on your cover summary or the amount it has increased to), we'll pay 1/12th of the lower of:

- the maximum annual benefit available based on the person covered's pre-incapacity earnings subject to a minimum of £1500 each month, or
- the amount of cover shown on **your** cover summary or the amount it has increased to.

If the person covered isn't in work when you claim

If the **person covered** isn't in **work** when **you** claim, **we** won't pay more than £1500 each month.

If the person covered has other income

We'll reduce the amount we pay so that the total income you receive equals the lower of £1500 each month or the cover amount you've chosen as shown on your cover summary if:

you have any other plan with us, or with any other company, that would, if the **person covered** were to meet the requirements of **our** definition of **incapacitated**, replace all or part of their **pre-incapacity earnings**, or

- the **person covered** continues to receive income from any other form of **employment** or **self-employment** while they meet the requirements of **our** definition of **incapacitated** in section 4, and
- the income from this cover, together with the income from those other sources, would exceed the **maximum annual benefit** available based on the **person covered's pre-incapacity earnings**.

If the person covered goes back to their own occupation part-time

If we've been paying a claim, and the **person covered** goes back to **work** in their own **occupation** part-time, with reduced earnings as a direct result of their illness or injury, **we'll** pay a reduced amount. Here's how **we** work this out:

(pre-incapacity earnings – reduced earnings) x normal cover pre-incapacity earnings

In this formula, 'normal cover' means the amount we'd pay if the person covered continued to meet the requirements of our definition of incapacitated and doesn't go back to work. Where the reduced earnings amount varies, the amount we'll pay will also vary. We'll need to see evidence of the reduced earnings amount.

We'll pay this reduced amount provided that the **person covered**:

• goes back to **work** for less than 30 hours a week,

- worked more than 30 hours a week before meeting the requirements of **our** definition of **incapacitated**, and
- has earnings from part-time **work** which are less than their earnings when they met the requirements of **our** definition of **incapacitated**.

We'll continue to pay a reduced amount based on this formula until:

- the **person covered** goes back to working their full contractual hours,
- the earnings from their part-time **work** in their own **occupation** are more than their **pre-incapacity earnings**,
- the cover payment period ends if one's shown in the additional features in your cover summary,
- the term of the cover reaches an end, or
- the **person covered** dies.

If the person covered goes back to work in a different occupation

If the **person covered** meets the requirements of **our** definition of **incapacitated** but goes back to **work** in a different **occupation** with lower earnings, **we'll** pay a reduced amount. We work this out using the same formula and conditions as set out in the 'How much we'll pay if the **person covered** goes back to their own **occupation** part-time' section opposite.

We'll continue to pay a reduced amount based on this formula until:

• the **person covered** no longer meets the requirements of **our** definition of **incapacitated**,

- the **person covered**'s earnings from the different **occupation** are more than their **pre-incapacity earnings**,
- the cover payment period ends if one's shown in the additional features in your cover summary,
- the term of the cover reaches an end, or
- the person covered dies.

We work out the amount of cover on the date the **person covered** met the requirements of **our** definition of **incapacitated**. We won't take into account any change to the amount of cover after this, apart from changes covered in the previous page.

Claims for Fracture Cover

We'll pay the amount shown in the following table for each type of **bone fracture** during the **term of the cover**.

£4,000
· · ·
£2,500
£1,500
£2,000
£1,000
£1,500
£1,500
£2,500
£1,000
£2,000
£1,500
£1,500
£2,000
£4,000
£4,000
£2,500
£2,000
£1,500

If the **person covered** is diagnosed with more than one type of **bone fracture** at the same time, we'll pay for multiple **bone fractures** up to a maximum of \pounds 4,000 for each claim.

Claims for Hospitalisation Payment

We'll pay £100 for each night the **person covered** is hospitalised after the sixth consecutive night, subject to a maximum number of 90 nights during the **term of the cover**.

Claims for Additional Payment on Death

If your premiums are payable monthly, we'll pay an amount equal to 12 times the monthly premium for Income Protection being paid at the date the **person covered** dies, plus the plan charge shown on your cover summary for the plan your cover is under during the **term of the cover**.

If your premiums are payable yearly, we'll pay an amount equal to the yearly premium for Income Protection being paid at the date the **person covered** dies, plus the plan charge shown on your cover summary for the plan your cover is under during the **term of the cover**.

Claims for Back to Work Payment

If the additional features section of **your** cover summary shows a **cover payment period**, one month after the **person covered** returns to **work**, **we'll** pay 25% of the normal cover; and two months after the **person covered** returns to **work**, **we'll** pay 10% of the normal cover.

If the additional features section of **your** cover summary doesn't show a **cover**

payment period, one month after the person covered returns to work, we'll pay 50% of the normal cover; and two months after the person covered returns to work, we'll pay 25% of the normal cover.

In this section 'normal cover' means the monthly amount we were paying immediately before the **person covered** returned to **work**.

Your Premiums

It's really important that **you** keep up to date with paying **your** premiums.

When your premiums are due

Your first premium is due on the date your cover starts. We'll collect it on this date or shortly after, by direct debit. Your last premium is due on the date shown on your cover summary. We'll tell you before we collect the first premium.

If you're paying your premiums monthly

You must pay a premium every month from the date your first premium is due to your last. Your premiums are usually due on the same day of the month that your plan started. If you'd rather we collected your premiums on a different day of the month, please ask us.

If you're paying your premiums yearly

You must pay a premium every year from the date your first premium is due to your last. Your premiums are usually due on the same day of the year that your plan started. If you'd rather we collected your premiums on a different day in the same month, please ask us.

What happens if you don't pay a premium

If **you** don't pay **your** first premium, **your** plan won't start – so **you** won't be covered.

If any other premium is five weeks overdue, we'll cancel the plan your cover is under – so you won't be covered at all any more. We'll write to you to tell you that we've cancelled your plan.

What to do if we cancel your plan

If we cancel your plan because you didn't pay a premium, you can ask us to restart it. We'll need you to tell us if there has been a change to the health, occupation or leisure activities of the person covered since your plan start date, so there may be times when we can't restart your plan. If this happens, we'll explain our decision to you.

When and how your premiums could change

If your cover is level regular payments

As long as **you** pay **your** premiums on time, **your** premiums won't change for the **term of the cover**.

If your cover is payable as increasing regular payments

Your premium will increase once a year, on the anniversary of **your** plan start date, which is shown on **your** cover summary. The increase each year will be based on:

- how much **your** amount of cover is increasing by,
- the age of the **person covered** at the time of each increase,
- how long **your** cover has to go to the end date shown on **your** cover summary,
- the premium rates **we** used when **your** cover started, and
- any additional premium **you** pay if **we** didn't accept **your** cover on **standard terms**.

We'll write to tell you how much the increase will be at least a month before it takes place. Unless we hear from you, we'll start collecting the increased premium from the date we tell you. For more information on increasing cover, see page 15.

2. CHANGING YOUR COVER

Increasing cover

This only applies where **you** have chosen **your** amount of cover to be payable as increasing regular payments.

The amount of cover will increase each year on the anniversary of the date **your** plan started, which will be shown on **your** cover summary. The additional features in **your** cover summary shows whether **your** cover will increase each year by a fixed rate or by the **retail price index**. As **your** amount of cover increases, **your** premiums will also increase.

We'll write to you at least a month before the increase takes place to tell you how much the increase in your amount of cover will be and how much your new premium will be. If you don't want your amount of cover or your premium to increase, you must tell us at least five days before the increase is due to take place and we'll cancel the increase. If we cancel two consecutive increases we won't offer you any further increases to your amount of cover.

If, as a result of an increase, the total amount of Income Protection on all plans that **you** have with **us** would be more than £250,000 a year, **your** cover won't increase. **We'll** tell **you** if this happens. When working out **your** total amount of cover **we** include all cover **you** have under the plan that this cover is under, as well as any other plan **you** have with **us**. If you add a new cover to your plan, your new cover may start on a different day than your plan started. The date your original plan started can be found on your original cover summary. Where this happens, the first increase in your amount of cover for your additional cover will be on the first anniversary of your plan start date which comes after this additional cover has been in force for 12 months.

Cover Increase Options

Your cover comes with Cover Increase Options if we give you standard terms. This means you can increase your amount of cover in certain circumstances without giving us any medical information.

How it works

You can increase your amount of cover, without giving us any medical information, if the **person covered**:

- gets married or divorced, or enters into or dissolves a civil partnership
- increases their mortgage
- has or adopts a child
- gets an increase in salary.

All we need to see is some evidence of the event, for example the certificate for the marriage, civil partnership, birth or adoption, or a copy of their mortgage loan offer, or a letter from their employer confirming an increase in salary.

You need to ask us to increase your cover within six months of the event happening.

And the **person covered** must be under the age of 55. We'll work out a new premium

for **your** cover, and **you** can then decide whether **you** want to go ahead with the increase.

Limits on increasing your cover

You can increase your cover more than once but the total you can increase your cover by is the lowest of:

- half your original amount of cover,
- the maximum annual benefit available based on the person covered's pre-incapacity earnings less the total amount of cover you have before the increase,
- the maximum amount of cover **we** offer at the time of the increase less the total amount of cover **you** have before the increase, or
- £10,000 a year.

If **you** have more than one type of cover or more than one plan with **us** on the life of the same **person covered**, the limits apply to all of them added together – not separately to each cover or plan.

Your new cover will have the same additional features as your original cover, which are shown on your cover summary. Your new cover will be on the terms and conditions that we offer at the time of the increase. It must last at least as long as our minimum term at that time, but no longer than the time remaining on your original cover. You can find the end date of your original cover on your cover summary that we sent to you at the time you took out your original plan. So, if the time remaining on your original cover is less than our minimum term at that time, you can't increase your cover in this way. Your new premiums will be based on:

- the same terms we applied to your original cover – or the terms that applied if your cover has been restarted,
- our pricing when we increase your cover, and
- the age of the **person covered** when we increase **your** cover.

We can't offer you Cover Increase Options if:

- we didn't accept your cover on standard terms – so if we had to charge you a higher premium, or if we had to apply some exclusions,
- we're paying a claim, considering a claim, or if a medical practitioner has given the **person covered** a diagnosis or possible diagnosis that would allow **you** to make a claim,
- you've made a claim under our definition of incapacitated under this cover, you can't use Cover Increase Options within 12 months of us stopping your payments, or
- you're not resident in the UK, Jersey, Guernsey or Isle of Man.

Lifestyle review

If we didn't accept your cover on standard terms or we charged smoker rates, and the person covered changes their lifestyle in a way that you think reduces the likelihood of a claim, you can ask us to review the terms for your cover. For example, perhaps the person covered was a smoker when the cover started but has now given up.

We may need to ask for medical information about the **person covered**, or see proof that the **person covered** has changed their **occupation** before **we** make any changes to the terms of **your** cover. If we can, we'll change the terms of your cover to reflect the change in lifestyle of the person covered. This may mean we could reduce your premium or remove an exclusion. If we can't change the terms of your cover, we'll explain why.

Even if **we** later review **your** terms, cover that wasn't originally on **standard terms** cannot be changed to include Cover Increase Options.

Changing your cover in other ways

You can ask us to change your cover in other ways not included in this section. For example, you might want to add a new cover to your plan or reduce an existing cover. You can ask us to do this at any time. If you want to add a new cover to your plan, we'll need to ask the **person covered** for new medical information.

You can't add a new cover to your plan or increase an existing cover if you're no longer resident in the UK, Jersey, Guernsey or Isle of Man. If you remove a cover you may not be able to add it back on at a later date if your circumstances or the circumstances of the **person covered** have changed.

3. GENERAL TERMS AND CONDITIONS

Source of covers

This cover is issued out of **our** Ordinary Long-Term Business Fund but is not eligible to participate in the profits of that fund or any other funds.

Membership of Royal London

Neither **your** cover nor the plan that it is under, entitles **you** to membership of **Royal London** or participation in profit share.

Cancelling your cover

When your cover starts you have the right to change your mind and cancel your cover. If you do so within 30 days of receiving your cover summary and plan details, we'll refund any premiums you've paid to us. If you cancel after 30 days, your cover will end and you won't get anything back.

You can cancel your cover or the plan that it is under by contacting us. Our address is on page 4 of this booklet. You may also want to contact your bank to cancel your direct debit instruction. You should only do this if you intend to cancel all of the covers under your plan. If you intend to only cancel some of your covers, we'll automatically reduce the amount we collect once those covers have been cancelled.

If the plan that **your** cover is under is jointly owned, both owners must give **us** notice. If **you've** put **your** plan under trust, or if **you've** assigned **your** legal rights under **your** plan to someone else, the trustees or assignee must give **us** written notice that they wish to cancel.

If you cancel your cover, or the plan that your cover is under, after 30 days, your cover will end on the day **your** next premium would be due. **You'll** still be covered until that date. So, if **you've** asked **us** to collect **your** premium on a different date to the one on which it's due, **we'll** still collect that premium from **you**.

Because **you** are cancelling after the 30 day cancellation period, **we** won't refund any premiums **you've** paid to **us** for the cover **you're** cancelling.

For example, if:

- your cover started on 1 February,
- you ask us to collect your premium on the 15th day of each month, and
- on 10 April you ask us to cancel your cover,

then,

- we'll collect your premium due on 1 April because this became payable before you asked us to cancel your cover,
- we'll collect this on 15 April because you've asked us to collect your premium on that day, and
- we'll cancel your cover on 1 May because this is the first day on which your next premium would be due.

If **you** cancel, **we'll** tell **you** the date on which **your** cover will end, and whether **you** need to pay a final premium. If **you** don't pay **your** final premium:

- we'll cancel your cover from the date your final premium was due,
- you won't be covered from that date, and
- we won't pay any claim under your plan.

Cash-in value

Your cover, and the plan that it is under, have no cash-in value at any time. This means that if you cancel your cover or the plan that it is under, after the 30 day cancellation period, you won't get anything back.

Paying claims

We'll pay all claims by direct credit to a bank account or another method we agree with you.

Interest

We'll pay interest if payment of any claim is delayed by more than two calendar months after the claim event. The rate of interest will be the Bank of England base rate less 0.5% a year, with an overall minimum of 0.5% a year, calculated on a daily basis.

Exercise of discretion

We'll act reasonably and in good faith when exercising **our** discretion to make decisions that relate to **your** cover.

How we use your personal information and verify your identity

We (The Royal London Mutual Insurance Society Limited and our businesses and divisions) may obtain personal information either from you directly, or with your consent, from your approved intermediary or from other sources such as your doctor or an identification agent. **We'll** use **your** personal information (including sensitive personal information) for the following purposes:

- providing and developing our products and services
- improving our customer care
- verifying your identity and fraud prevention
- research and analysis
- marketing
- legal and regulatory reasons
- administering your plan.

We'll keep your personal information for a reasonable time and we may also share information about you with other companies within the Royal London Group, your approved intermediary, our service providers and agents and with third parties such as auditors, underwriters, reinsurers, medical agencies, identity authentication and fraud prevention agencies, other financial institutions and legal and regulatory bodies.

Your personal data may be processed in countries outside the European Economic Area. This processing will be carried out by experienced and reputable organisations and only on terms which safeguard the security of your data and comply with the requirements of the Data Protection Act 1998.

We may contact you by mail, phone, fax, email or other electronic messaging either directly or through your approved intermediary with further offers, promotions and information about our products and services that may be of interest to you. By providing us with this information you consent to being contacted by these methods for these purposes. We may also share your information with carefully selected third parties, who may contact you by mail, phone, fax or electronic messaging to let you know about products and services which they believe may be of interest to you. By providing us with this information you consent to being contacted by these methods for these purposes.

We may carry out an identity authentication check to verify **your** identity. This involves checking the details **you** supply against those held on any databases that may be accessed by the reputable third party company which carries out **our** checks. This includes information from the Electoral Register and fraud prevention agencies.

We'll use scoring methods to verify your identity. A record of this search will be kept and may be used to help other companies verify your identity. We may also pass information to financial and other organisations involved in money laundering and fraud prevention to protect **ourselves** and **our** customers from theft and fraud. If you give **us** false or inaccurate information and **we** suspect fraud, **we'll** record this and share this information with other organisations.

We may monitor and record phone calls and retain these for the purposes of training and quality assurance and to ensure that we have an accurate record of **your** instructions.

If you provide us with information about another person, you confirm that they've appointed you to act for them to consent to the processing of their personal data and that you've informed them of our identity and the purposes (as set out on pages 18 and 19) for which their personal data (including sensitive personal data) will be processed. You have the right to ask for a copy of the information that we hold on you, for which we're entitled to charge a small fee. You can ask us to correct any inaccuracies in your information.

If you have any questions about how we'll use your personal information, or if you would like to receive our marketing communications by some but not all of the methods listed on Page 19, please contact us:

0345 6094 500

protectionhelp@royallondon.com

0345 6094 522

Royal London, 1 Thistle Street, Edinburgh EH2 1DG

When we may change the terms and conditions applying to your cover or cancel your cover

We may make changes to the terms and conditions applying to **your** cover (including **your** premiums) in the circumstances set out in the paragraphs numbered 1 to 4 on pages 20 and 21. We can separately make changes to how we use **your** personal information and verify **your** identity (details of which is set out on pages 18 and 19).

We will, where appropriate, take account of actuarial advice when we make any changes.

We may cancel **your** cover in the circumstances set out in paragraph 1.

We'll normally give **you** 90 days' written notice of a change. This may not be possible for changes which are outside **our** control. We'll give you as much notice as we can in such circumstances.

1. We may make changes to the terms and conditions applying to **your** cover (including **your** premiums) or cancel **your** cover if:

- you don't tell us about changes to any of the answers you or the person covered gave in the application, or to information provided in relation to your application, between the date it was completed and the date we assume risk on your cover,
- the **person covered** doesn't provide their consent for **us** to ask for medical information within six months of the start of **your** cover from any doctor they have consulted about their physical or mental health to check the accuracy of any statement made in, or in connection with, **your application**,
- any question answered or any statement made in, or in connection with, your application is inaccurate or misleading and this affects our decision on the cover we're willing to provide,
- you make a claim and we find that you or the person covered haven't told us something that affects your cover, or
- you don't keep your premiums up-to-date.

2. We may make changes to the terms and conditions applying to your cover (including your premiums) that we reasonably consider are proportionate in the circumstances if, because of a change in legislation, regulation or established practice in relation to such legislation or regulations, or any relevant change or circumstance beyond **our** control:

- it becomes impracticable or impossible to give full effect to the terms and conditions applying to **your** cover,
- failing to make the change could, in **our** reasonable opinion, result in **Royal London's** policyholders not being treated fairly, or
- the way that **we're** taxed or the way that the plan that **your** cover is under is taxed is changed.

3. We may make changes to the terms and conditions applying to your cover (including your premiums) that we reasonably consider won't adversely affect you. These may include, for example, changes needed to reflect new services or features that we wish to make available to you.

4. We may make changes to the terms and conditions applying to your cover (including your premiums) if we become aware of any error or omission in this plan details booklet. We'll only make such changes to bring the plan details booklet into line with your cover summary or the key facts document relevant to your cover.

Contract

The Personal Menu Plan is a contract between you and Royal London based on your application to us. These terms and conditions are part of the contract between you and us and should be kept in a safe place. The contract consists of your application, these terms and conditions, your cover summary for each cover you buy and any endorsements to these terms and conditions that we give you. Where there's a conflict between the terms and conditions and your cover summary, the terms set out in your cover summary will apply.

Mis-statement of age

If when you took out your cover we were told the person covered is older than they really are, we'll reduce your premiums to the amount that you would have been charged if we'd been told their correct age, and refund any overpayment you've made. If when you took out your cover we were told the person covered is younger than they really are, we'll reduce the amount of cover to the amount that would have been available if we'd been told their correct age. This means that, on a claim, we'll pay an amount which is lower than the amount shown on your cover summary.

Complaints

We hope that you'll never have reason to complain, but if you do, you can contact us:

0345 6094 500



protectionhelp@royallondon.com



Royal London, 1 Thistle Street, Edinburgh EH2 1DG

We'll always try to resolve complaints as quickly as possible. If we're unable to deal with a complaint within three working days of receiving it, we'll send you a letter to acknowledge your complaint and give you regular updates until your complaint is resolved.

We can give you more information about our complaint handling procedures on request.

We're committed to resolving complaints whenever possible through **our** complaints procedures. If we can't resolve a matter satisfactorily, you may be able to refer your complaint to the Financial Ombudsman Service. If **you** make a complaint **we'll** send **you** a leaflet explaining the Financial Ombudsman Service. The leaflet is also available on request or **you** can contact the Ombudsman direct:

@

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Financial Ombudsman Service ExchangeTower Harbour Exchange Square London E14 9SR

- 0800 0234 567 (calls to this number are now free on mobile phones and landlines)
 - 0300 1239 123 (calls to this number cost no more than calls to 01 and 02 numbers)
 - complaint.info@financial-ombudsman. org.uk
 - financial-ombudsman.org.uk

The Financial Ombudsman Service has been set up by law to help settle individual disputes between consumers and financial firms. They can decide if **we've** acted wrongly and if **you've** lost out as a result. If this is the case they'll tell **us** how to put things right and whether this involves compensation. Their service is independent, free of charge and **we'll** always abide by their decision. If **you** make a complaint, it won't affect **your** legal rights.

If we can't meet our liabilities

Your plan is covered by the Financial Services Compensation Scheme. You may be entitled to compensation if we're unable to pay claims due to, for example, insolvency. This depends on the type of business and the circumstances of the claim. Further information about compensation scheme arrangements is available from the Financial Services Compensation Scheme www.fscs.org.uk.

Law

The law of England and Wales applies to **your** cover and the plan that it is under.

Notices of assignment

If **you** assign any of **your** legal rights relating to the plan that **your** cover is under to someone else, **we** must see notice of the assignment. Please send the notice to:



Royal London, 1 Thistle Street, Edinburgh EH2 1DG

An assignment could take place when **you're** using the plan as security for a loan or have put the plan **your** cover is under in trust.

Rights of third parties

No term of **your** contract is enforceable under the Contracts (Rights of Third Parties) Act 1999 by a person who is not party to **your** contract but this doesn't affect any right or remedy of a third party which may exist or be available otherwise than under that act.

4. DEFINITIONS OF THE WORDS WE USE

This section explains all of the words in **bold** found within this booklet.

Application

This is the application to **Royal London** completed either on paper, online or over the phone containing the information and the answers to the questions that **we** have used to set up **your** cover and includes any related information provided to **us** (or to the medical examiner for **Royal London** or a third party acting on behalf of **Royal London**). Any data capture form used by **your** financial adviser in order to then complete **your** online **application** doesn't form part of **your application**.

Appropriate medical specialist

For the purposes of this cover is a consultant employed at a hospital within the geographical limits listed below who is a specialist in an area of medicine appropriate to the cause of the claim.

- The UK
 - Australia
- Austria
- Belgium
- Bulgaria
- Canada
- Channel Islands
- Cyprus
- Czech Republic
- Denmark
- Estonia
- Finland
- France
- Germany
- Gibraltar
- Greece
- Hong Kong
- Hungary
- Iceland
- Ireland

- Isle of Man
- Italy
- Japan
- Latvia
- Liechtenstein
- Lithuania
- Luxembourg
- Malta
- The Netherlands
- New Zealand
- Norway
- Poland
- Portugal
- Slovakia
- Slovenia
- South Africa
- Spain
- Sweden
- Switzerland
- USA

Bone fracture

Bone fracture means any of the following types of fracture :

- Open fracture of the skull
- Closed fracture of the skull
- Fracture of the cheekbone
- Fracture of the jaw
- Fracture of the collar bone
- Fracture of the shoulder blade
- Fracture of the sternum
- Fracture of the arm
- Fracture of one or more ribs
- Fracture of the vertebra
- Fracture of the wrist
- Fracture of the hand (excluding fingers and thumbs)
- Fracture of the pelvis
- Fracture of the upper leg
- Fracture of the knee
- Fracture of the lower leg
- Fracture of the ankle
- Fracture of the foot (excluding toes)

Cover payment period

The length of time we'll pay your claim. This is shown on your cover summary.

Date we assume risk

The date we assume risk is the later of:

- the date **you** or anyone acting on **your** behalf contacts **us** to ask **us** to start **your** cover, or the plan that **your** cover is under, or
- the date cover starts as shown on **your** cover summary.

Deferred period

The period of time between when the **person covered** first meets the requirements of **our** definition of **incapacitated** and when **you** will receive **your** first payment from **us**. The **deferred period** is shown in the additional features section of **your** cover summary. Unless **you** have a connected claim (see page 9) or the **person covered** is diagnosed with a **terminal illness**, we won't pay a claim until the end of the **deferred period**.

Employed

The **person covered** working for remuneration under a contract of employment and, if in **the UK**, paying class 1 National Insurance contributions.

Endorsements

Means those documents used to add additional information to **your** cover to amend existing wording which become part of the terms and conditions of **your** cover. **We'll** send an **endorsement** to **you** only if **we've** the ability to make certain types of changes to **your** cover.

Exclusion

Means a reason shown on **your** cover summary when **we** won't pay a claim.

Full-time

Means the **person covered** is in a full-time (more than 16 hours each week) paid **occupation**.

Incapacitated or Incapacity

We'll pay if the person covered meets the requirements of our definition of incapacitated or incapacity.

For the purpose of the requirements, own **occupation** means the trade, profession or type of **work** that the **person covered** does for profit or pay. It isn't a specific job with any particular employer and is irrespective of location and availability.

1. Own Occupation

Loss of the physical or mental ability, before age 70, through an illness or injury to the extent that the **person covered** is unable to do the material and substantial duties of their own **occupation**. The material and substantial duties are those that are normally required for, and/or form a significant and integral part of, the performance of their own **occupation** that can't reasonably be omitted or modified.

If, immediately before the start of the period of **incapacity**, the **person covered** isn't in a **full-time** paid **occupation**, we'll assess the claim based on meeting the serious illness requirements.

2. Serious Illness

If, before age 70, the **person covered** meets any of the following definitions, **we'll** pay the claim if they're unable to **work** in their own **occupation** in any capacity.

- Blindness permanent and irreversible loss of sight to the extent that even when tested with the use of visual aids, vision is measured at 3/60 or worse in the better eye using a Snellen eye chart.
- **Cancer** undergoing chemotherapy or radiotherapy in hospital or having received one of those treatments in hospital within the last 3 months.
- **Complete dependency** being totally incapable of caring for oneself, requiring 24 hour medical supervision in a hospital or nursing home.
- **Deafness permanent** and irreversible loss of hearing to the extent that the loss is greater than 95 decibels across all frequencies in the better ear using a pure tone audiogram.
- **Dialysis** undergoing dialysis in hospital or having received the treatment in hospital within the last 3 months.
- **Organic brain disease** an organic brain disease or brain injury which:
 - affects the ability to reason and understand; and
 - the condition has deteriorated to the extent that continual supervision and the assistance of another person is required.

If, immediately before the start of the period of **incapacity**, the **person covered** isn't in a **full-time** paid **occupation** and doesn't meet any of the serious illness requirements, **we'll** assess the claim based on meeting the everyday task requirements.

3. Everyday Tasks

If, before age 70, the **person covered** is unable to do 3 of the following 9 tasks, **we'll** pay the claim whilst they're unable to **work** in their own **occupation** in any capacity.

Loss of the physical ability through an illness or injury to do at least 3 of the 9 everyday tasks listed below.

The **person covered** must need the help or supervision of another person and be unable to perform the task on their own, even with the use of special equipment routinely available to help and having taken any appropriate prescribed medication.

The everyday tasks are:

- **Sitting** sit in a chair for at least 30 minutes without unreasonable discomfort.
- **Standing** stand and perform light tasks such as making a cup of tea, using one hand for support, for a period of at least 5 minutes.
- Walking the ability to walk more than 200 metres on a level surface.
- **Climbing** the ability to climb up a flight of 12 stairs and down again, using the handrail if needed.
- Lifting the ability to pick up an object weighing 2kg at table height and hold for 60 seconds before replacing the object on the table.

- **Bending** the ability to bend or kneel to touch the floor and straighten up again.
- Getting in and out of a car the ability to get into a standard saloon car, and out again.
- Maintaining an ordinary UK driving licence – reasonable medical opinion prevents the person covered obtaining an ordinary UK driving licence.
- Writing the manual dexterity to write legibly using a pen or pencil, or type using a desk top personal computer keyboard.

Intentional self-inflicted injury

Means any injury the **person covered** has suffered that is in **our** reasonable opinion the result of a deliberate act by the **person covered**.

Maximum annual benefit

The maximum annual benefit is the lower of:

- 65% of the first £15,000 of the person covered's pre-incapacity earnings plus 55% of their pre-incapacity earnings above £15,000, and
- £250,000.

For example:

If the **person covered** has **pre-incapacity earnings** of £45,000 each year, the **maximum annual benefit** would be calculated as

65% of £15,000 = £9,750

plus 55% of £30,000 (£45,000-£15,000) = £16,500

Total maximum annual benefit = $\pounds 26,250$

If the **person covered** has **pre-incapacity earnings** of £14,500 each year, the **maximum annual benefit** would be calculated as

65% of £14,500 = £9,425

Occupation

Means a trade, profession or type of **work** undertaken for profit or pay. It's not a specific job with any particular employer and is independent of location and availability.

Ordinary UK driving licence

Means a group 1 licence as defined in The Motor Vehicles (Driving Licences) Regulations 1999 as amended by The Motor Vehicles (Driving Licences) (Amendment) Regulations 2012, The Motor Vehicles (Driving Licences) Regulations (Northern Ireland) 1996 and any future amendment to the legislation which defines a group 1 licence.

Permanent

Expected to last throughout life with no prospect of improvement, irrespective of when the cover ends or the **person covered** expects to retire.

Person covered

The person named as such on **your** cover summary.

Pre-incapacity earnings

If the **person covered** is **employed** this means their total pre-tax earnings for PAYE assessment purposes in the 12 months before they became **incapacitated**.

This may include:

- the taxable value of any of the following benefits shown on form P11D that will be lost as a result of the **person covered**'s **incapacity**:
 - living accommodation where they live and pay council tax
 - company car when used for private use
 - car fuel which is provided for use with their company car
 - beneficial loans including loans for travel tickets
 - insurance such as critical illness insurance, private medical insurance and accident and travel insurance
 - regular bonuses and commission received by them.
- dividends received by them from a private limited company in which they and no more than three other shareholders are **employed** as **full-time** working directors. The dividend amount must:
 - represent their share in the net trading profit of that company from its normal regular business,
 - be consistent with the trading position of the company, and
 - stop being paid as a result of **incapacity**.

the salary or dividends received by the person covered's spouse or cohabiting partner where the person covered is employed by the same company as them. The person covered's spouse's or cohabitating partner's salary would need to be a nominal amount (up to a maximum of £11,500 a year), and they do not contribute towards generating the profit of the company.

Any dividend amount received by a spouse or cohabiting partner must:

- represent their share in the net trading profit of that company from its normal regular business,
- be consistent with the trading position of the company, and
- stop being paid as a result of the **person covered's incapacity**.

Any salary, dividends or any form of private disability benefits being received by **the person covered's** spouse or cohabiting partner when the **person covered** meets the requirements of our definition of **incapacitated** will be treated as continuing income for the **person covered** for claims assessment purposes. If the **person covered** is **self-employed** this means:

- their total share of pre-tax profit from their trade, profession or vocation for the purposes of Part 2 of the Income Tax (Trading and Other Income) Act 2005 for the 12 months before they became **incapacitated**, and
- their share of the amount of any regular or fixed payment the **person covered** is required to make:
 - by legislation,
 - by regulation,
 - under a contract to purchase goods or receive services, or
 - in respect of a loan, mortgage or credit agreement used to purchase premises, plant, machinery, raw materials or equipment,

that is necessary for the continuous operation of their trade, profession or vocation and has been paid for at least the last 36 months at the time the **person covered** first met the requirements of our definition of **incapacitated**, but only for so long as the **person covered** remains liable for those payments. This means that if the **person covered** is no longer liable for one or more of these payments, we'll reduce the amount that can be included as pre-incapacity earnings accordingly and we may reduce how much we'll pay. Any amount payable:

- to or for the benefit of a person employed by the **person covered** under a contract of employment,
- in respect of national insurance or any tax other than:
 - business rates,
 - vehicle excise duty in respect of a vehicle used for the purposes of the **person covered's** trade, profession or vocation,
 - insurance premium tax, or
 - value added tax, or
- in respect of any contract to purchase goods or receive services, loan, mortgage or credit agreement entered into or renewed after the **person covered** first met the requirements of **our** definition of **incapacitated**, is not included.

If the **person covered's** earnings vary significantly from one year to another, for example because they are made up mainly of commission or bonuses, **we'll** use their average earnings over the last three years immediately before the claim.

Income received from savings and investments aren't included in **our** definition of **pre-incapacity earnings**.

Retail price index

This is the percentage increase in **the UK** government's retail price index (or if that index is no longer available, such other index as **we** reasonably determine to be equivalent)

over the 12-month period ending three months before the anniversary of the date the plan started, subject to a minimum of 2% and a maximum of 10%.

Royal London

The Royal London Mutual Insurance Society Limited.

Royal London Group

Royal London and its subsidiaries.

Self-employed

The **person covered** working:

- alone,
- or with others in partnership,
- or as a member of a limited liability partnership, and
- if in the UK, paying class 2 National Insurance contributions and being assessable to income tax under Part 2 of the Income Tax (Trading and Other Income) Act 2005.

Standard terms

Your cover is on standard terms unless we've charged an extra premium or applied an exclusion to your cover.

Term of the cover

The period between the date **your** cover starts (as shown on **your** cover summary) and the date **your** cover ends. Unless the **person covered** dies, the date **your** cover ends is the date shown on **your** cover summary.

Terminal illness

A definite diagnosis by the attending consultant of an illness that satisfies both of the following:

- The illness either has no known cure or has progressed to the point where it cannot be cured; and
- In the opinion of the attending consultant, the illness is expected to lead to death within 12 months.

The UK

Means Scotland, England, Wales and Northern Ireland.

We or us or our

Means Royal London.

Work

Being employed or self-employed.

You or your

Means the plan owner or their legal successors except where a different meaning is given in these terms and conditions.



Royal London 1 Thistle Street, Edinburgh EH2 1DG royallondon.com

All literature about products that carry the Royal London brand is available in large print format on request to the Marketing Department at Royal London, 1 Thistle Street, Edinburgh EH2 1DG. All of our printed products are produced on stock which is from FSC[®] certified forests.

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